

SUMMER

PACKET 4th Grade Fun





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Summer Math Survey Completion Certificate Answer Key







THIS SUMMER PACKET BELONGS TO:





(NAME)

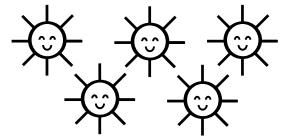




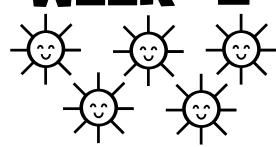
KEEP TRACK OF YOUR SUMMER WORK

As you complete each activity, color a sun!

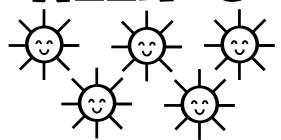




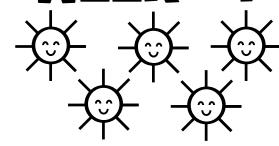
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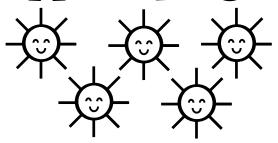
MEEK 3



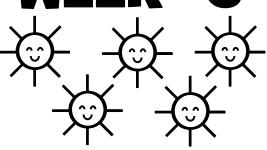
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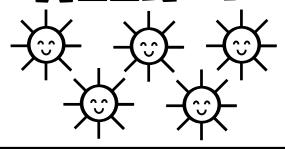
WEEK 5



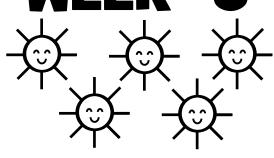
WEEK



WEEK 7



WEEK



HOW TO PLAY ROCK, PAPER AND SCISSORS.

This game is (also known as Roshambo). It is a fun and easy way to start a game. Players say "Rock, paper, scissors." Each player throws a rock, paper or scissors.

- Rock beats scissors,
- scissors beat paper,
- paper beats rock.















scissors

Multiplication Tic Tac Toe

Multiply by 11

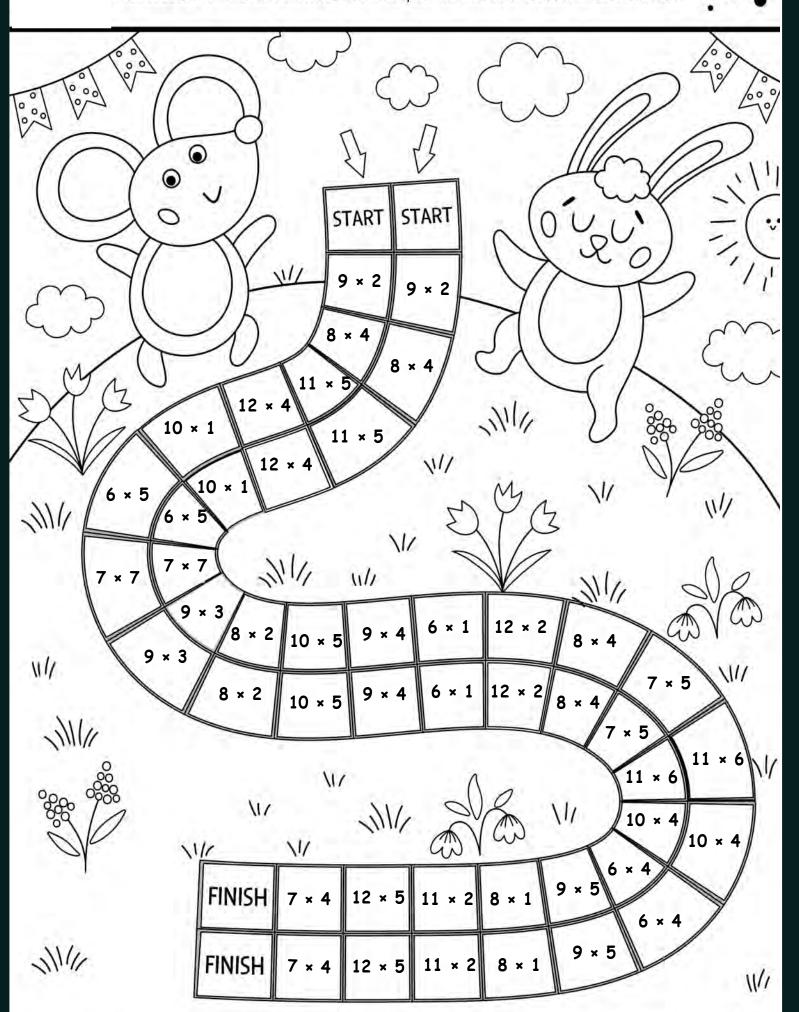
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11×8	11×9	11×3	11×1	11×10	11×2
11×2	11×10	11×6	11×3	11×4	11×7

11×3	11×6	11×2	11×9	11×2	11×5
11×4	11×1	11×7	11×6	11×7	11×8
11×5	11×9	11×8	11×3	11×10	11×4

Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

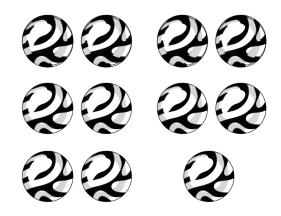
MULTIPLICATION BOARD GAME

Instructions: Roll the dice. Move and solve the problem. Whoever reaches the end first wins!



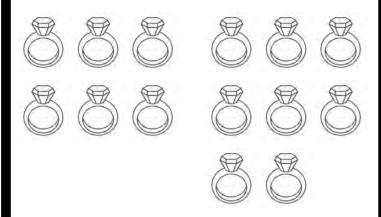
VISUALIZING REMAINDERS

Jamal had II marbles. He put 2 in a box. How many boxes did he use? How many did he have left over?



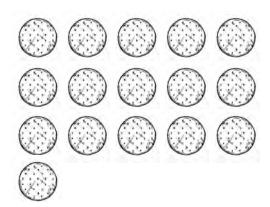
ANSWER:

Luisa had I4 rings. She put 3 in a box. How many boxes did she need if she put all the rings in a box?



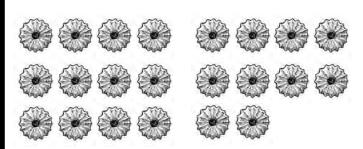
ANSWER:

The bakery made 16 cookies.
They put 5 in a box. How many
boxes did they use? Did they
have any left over?



ANSWER:

The bakery made 22 cookies.
They put 4 in a box. How many
boxes did they use? Did they
have any left over?

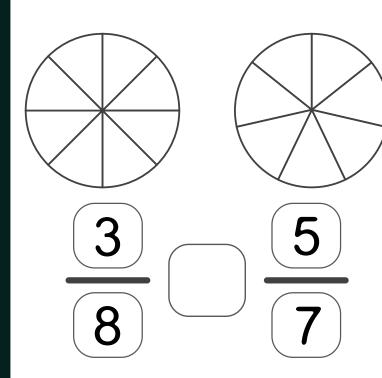


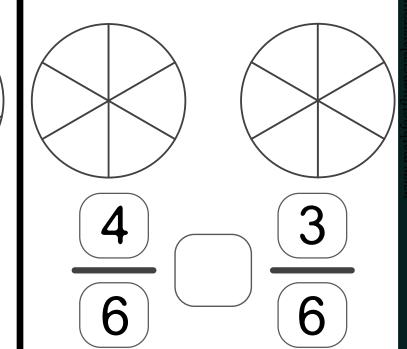
ANSWER:

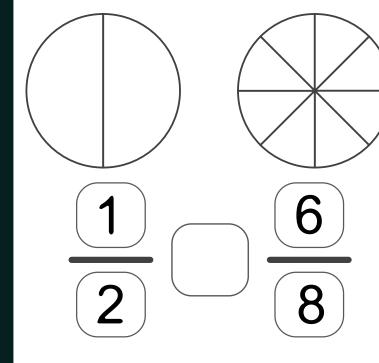
COLOR AND COMPARE

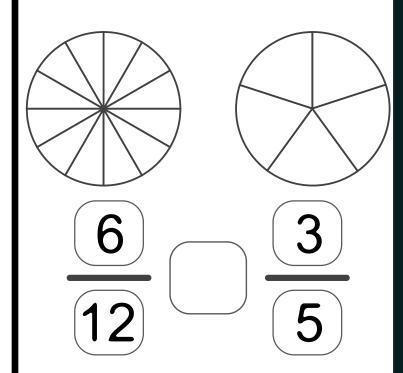
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

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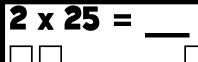


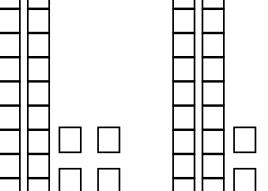


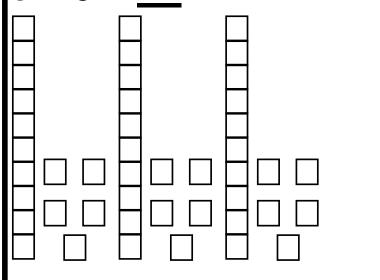


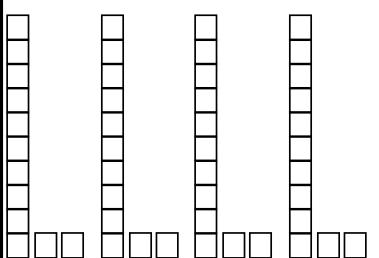
VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

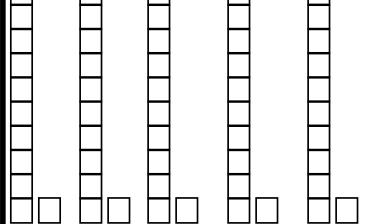
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

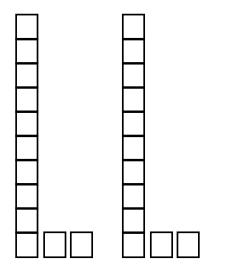


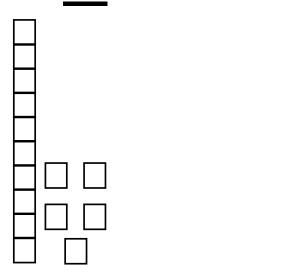












Multiplication Tic Tac Toe Multiply by 12

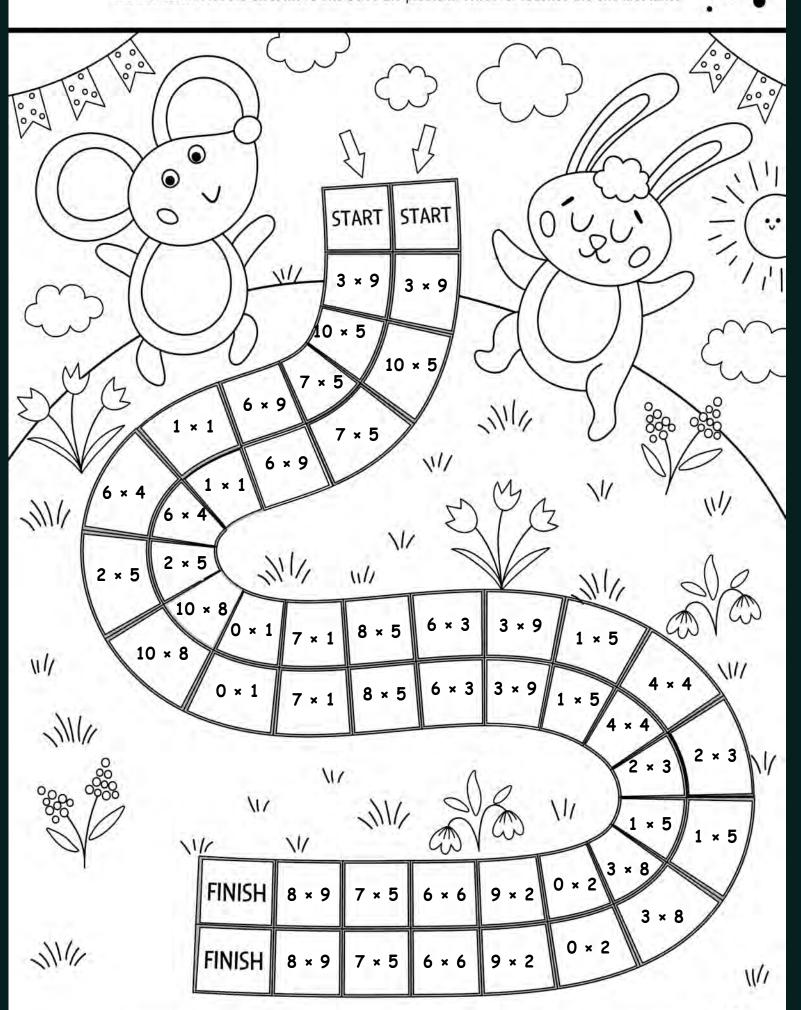
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12×5	12×2	12×9	12×8	12×1	12×7
12×6	12×8	12×7	12×2	12×10	12×4

12×3	12×9	12×1	12×4	12×7	12×5
12×4	12×10	12×2	12×2	12×4	12×3
12×7	12×6	12×5	12×10	12×1	12×9

Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

MULTIPLICATION BOARD GAME

Instructions: Roll the dice. Move and solve the problem. Whoever reaches the end first wins!



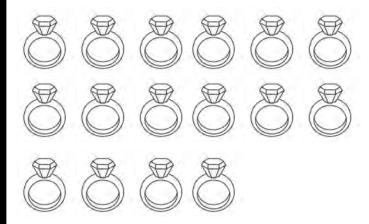
VISUALIZING REMAINDERS

Hong had 9 marbles. He put 7 in a box. How many boxes did he use? How many marbles did he have left over?



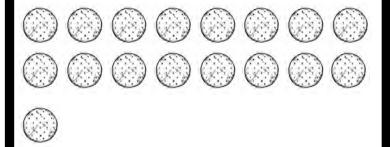
ANSWER:

Maribel had I6 rings. She put 6 in a box. How many boxes did she she use? How many did she have left over?



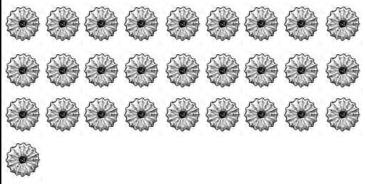
ANSWER:

The bakery made I7 cookies.
They put 8 in a box. How many boxes did they use? Did they have any cookies left over?



ANSWER:

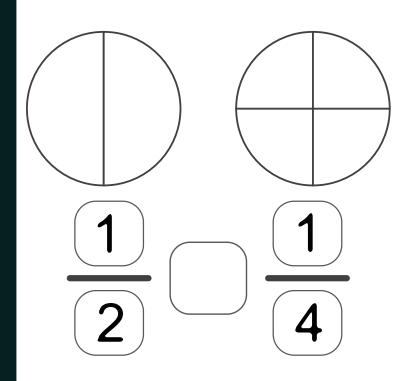
The bakery made 28 cookies.
They put 9 in a box. How many boxes did they use? Did they have any cookies left over?

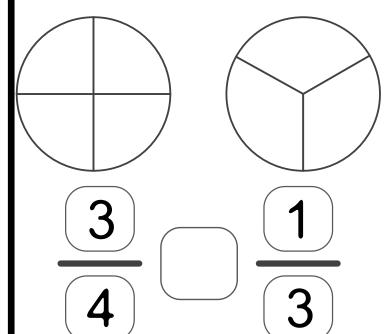


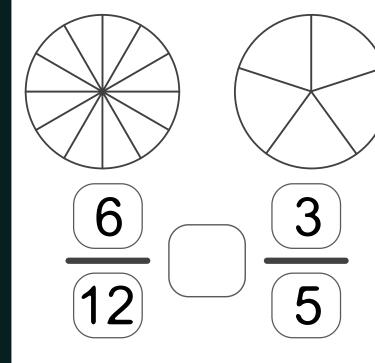
ANSWER:

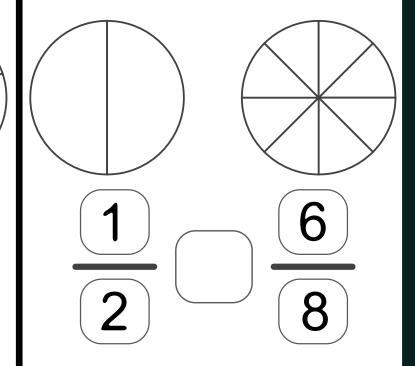
COLOR AND COMPARE

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.





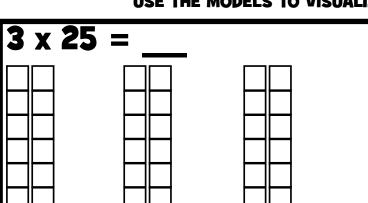


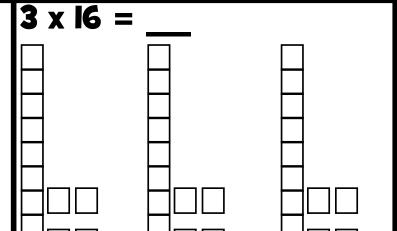


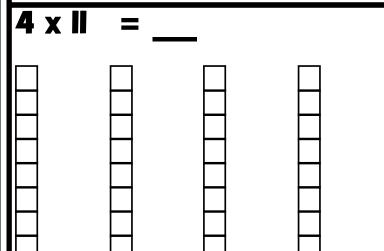
VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

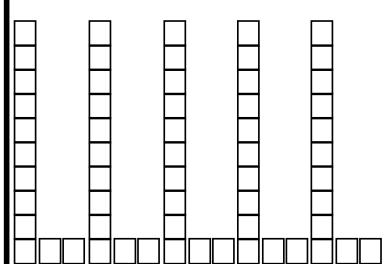
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

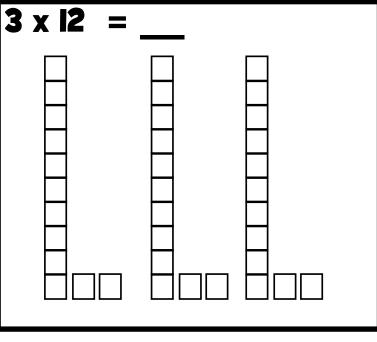
5 x l2

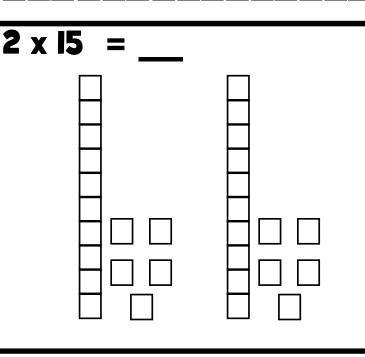












15

Multiplication Tic Tac Toe

Multiply by 7

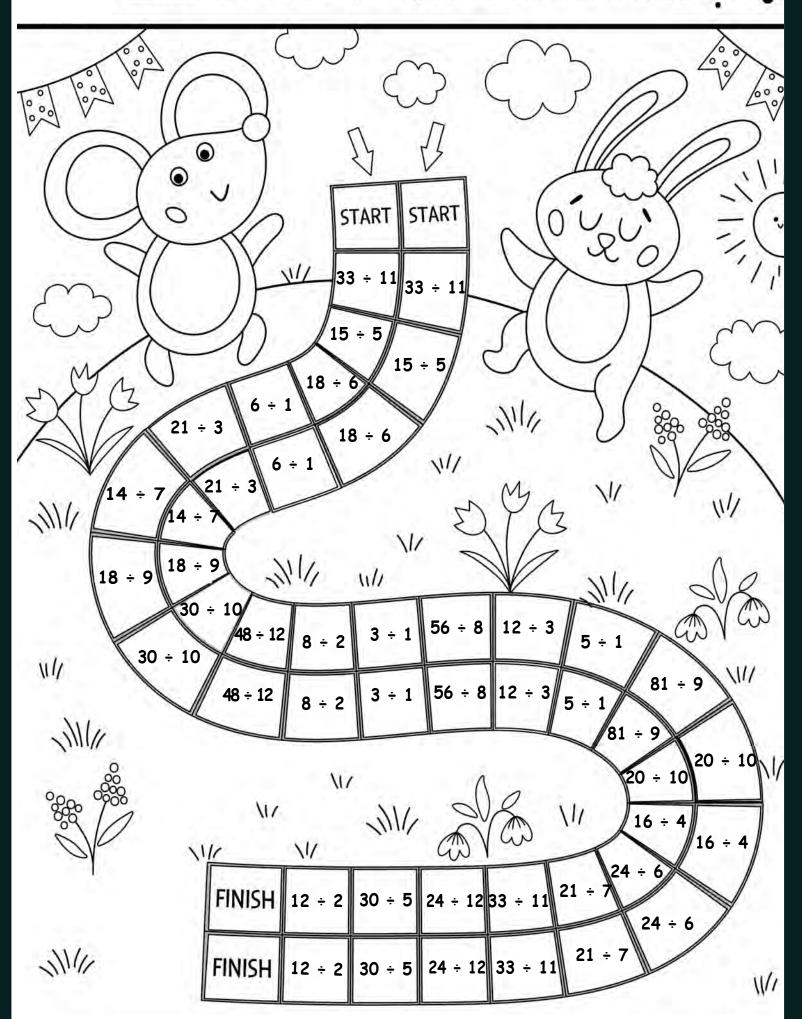
7×5	7×7	7×9	7×10	7×4	7×1
7×1	7×4	7×6	7×8	7×2	7×3
7×8	7×2	7×3	7×9	7×5	7×7

7×5	7×9	7×3	7×2	7×3	7×1
7×10	7×7	7×2	7×9	7×5	7×7
7×6	7×8	7×1	7×10	7×4	7×6

Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

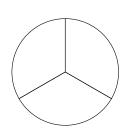
DIVISION BOARD GAME

Instructions: Roll the dice. Move and solve the problem. Whoever reaches the end first wins!

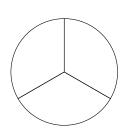


VISUALIZING MULTIPLICATION OF FRACTIONS COLOR AND SOLVE

4 x 1/3

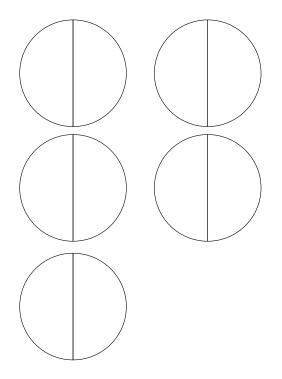




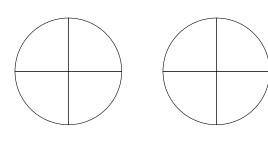




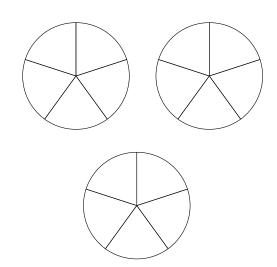
5 x 1/2



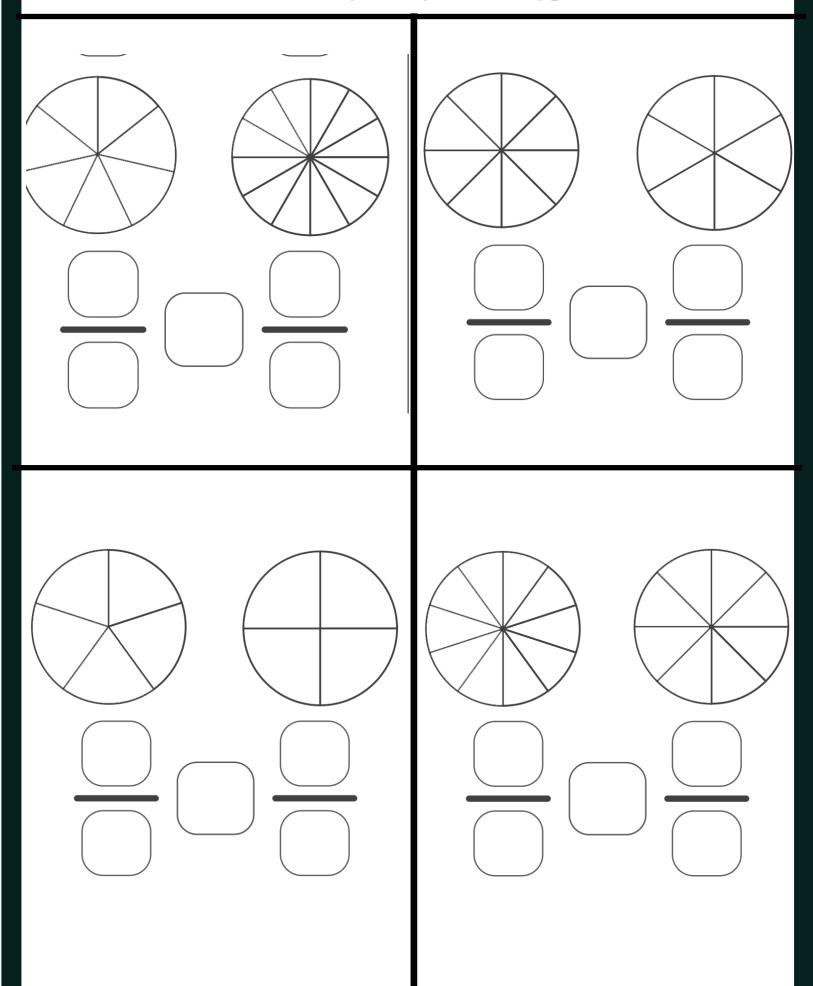
2 x |



3 x |



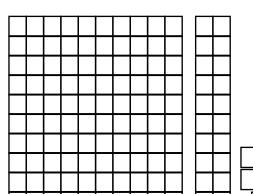
COLOR AND COMPARE MAKE UP YOUR OWN PROBLEMS

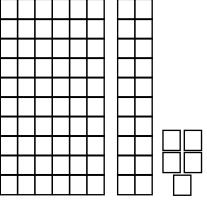


VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

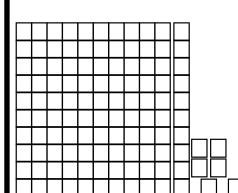
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

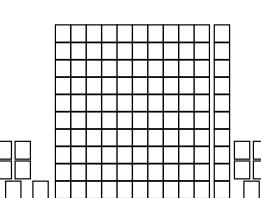
2 x l25 = ___



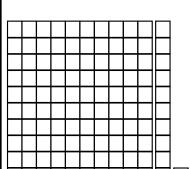


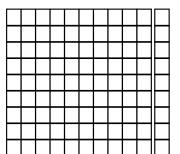
3 x II6 = ___

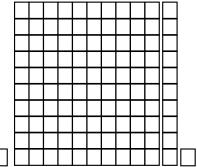




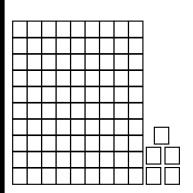
4 x III = ___







2 x 105 = ___



Multiplication Tic Tac Toe

Multiply by 9

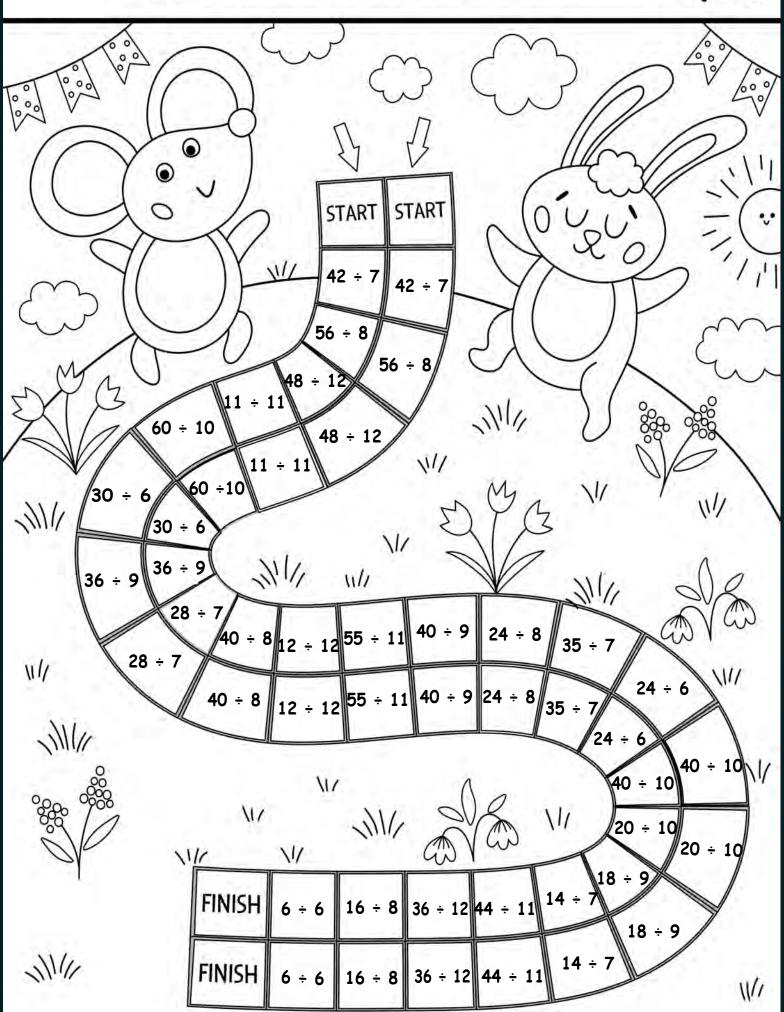
9×2	9×7	9×5	9×3	9×6	9×9
9×1	9×8	9×6	9×4	9×10	9×1
9×9	9×10	9×3	9×8	9×7	9×2

9×7	9×1	9×8	9×7	9×8	9×4
9×3	9×6	9×10	9×10	9×5	9×9
9×5	9×8	9×2	9×2	9×3	9×1

Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

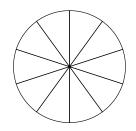
DIVISION BOARD GAME

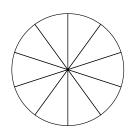
Instructions: Roll the dice. Move and solve the problem. Whoever reaches the end first wins!

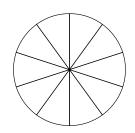


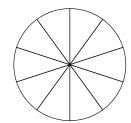
VISUALIZING MULTIPLICATION OF FRACTIONS COLOR AND SOLVE

4 x 3 10

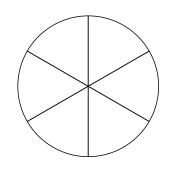


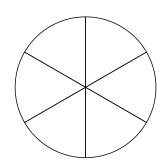




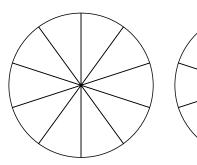


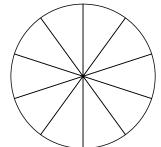
2 x 2/6



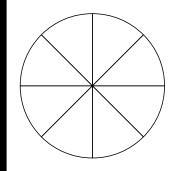


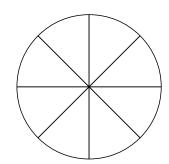
2 x 4/12





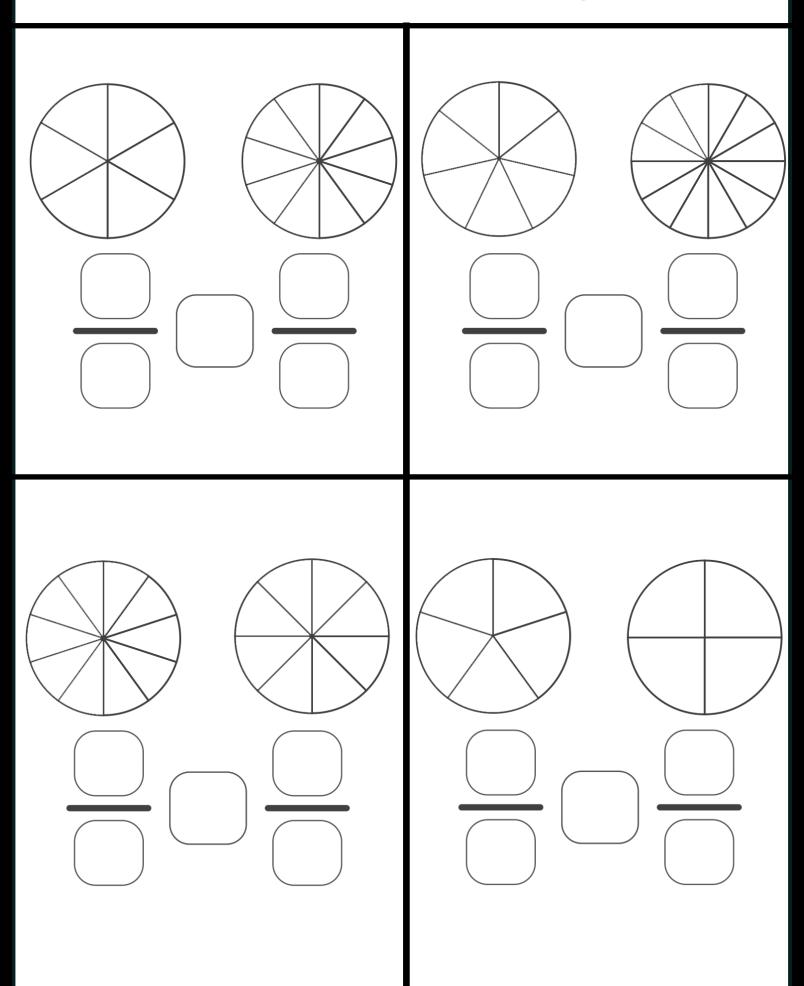
3 x 1 5





COLOR AND COMPARE

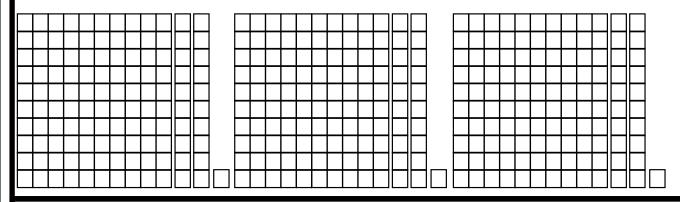
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.



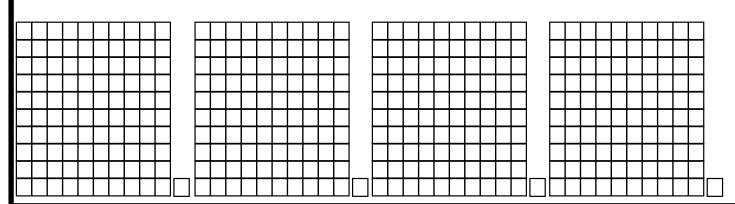
VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

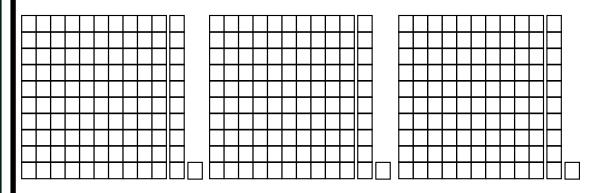
3 x l2l = ___



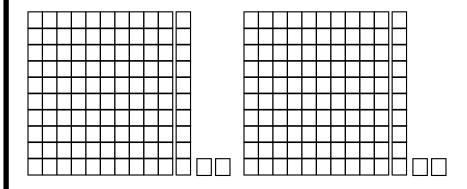
4 x IOI = ___



3 x III = ___



2 x II2 = ___



Division Tic Tac Toe

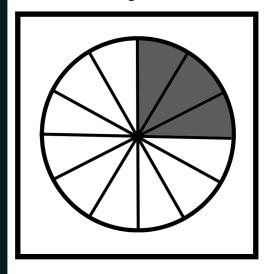
Dividing by 11

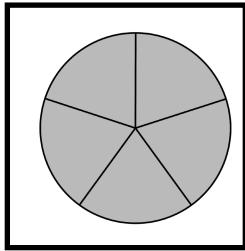
44÷11	44÷11	88÷11	11÷11	33÷11	77÷11
55÷11	11÷11	33÷11	99÷11	88÷11	66÷11
66÷11	99÷11	77÷11	44÷11	33÷11	55÷11

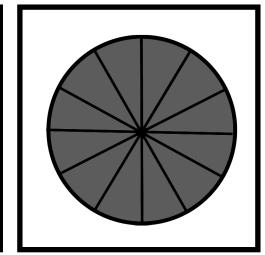
Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

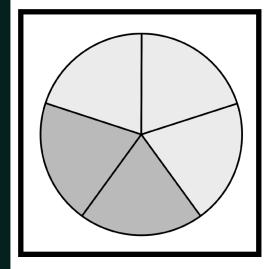
NAME THAT FRACTION

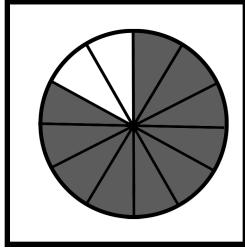
Shuffle cards and then each partner turns them over and compares them. Whoever has the largest fraction wins both cards. When all the cards are gone, whoever has the most cards wins the game.

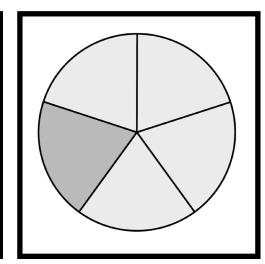


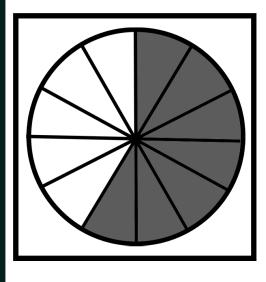


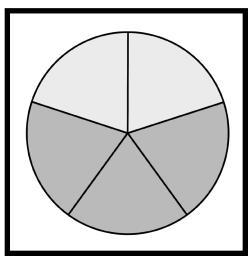


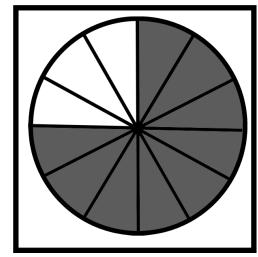


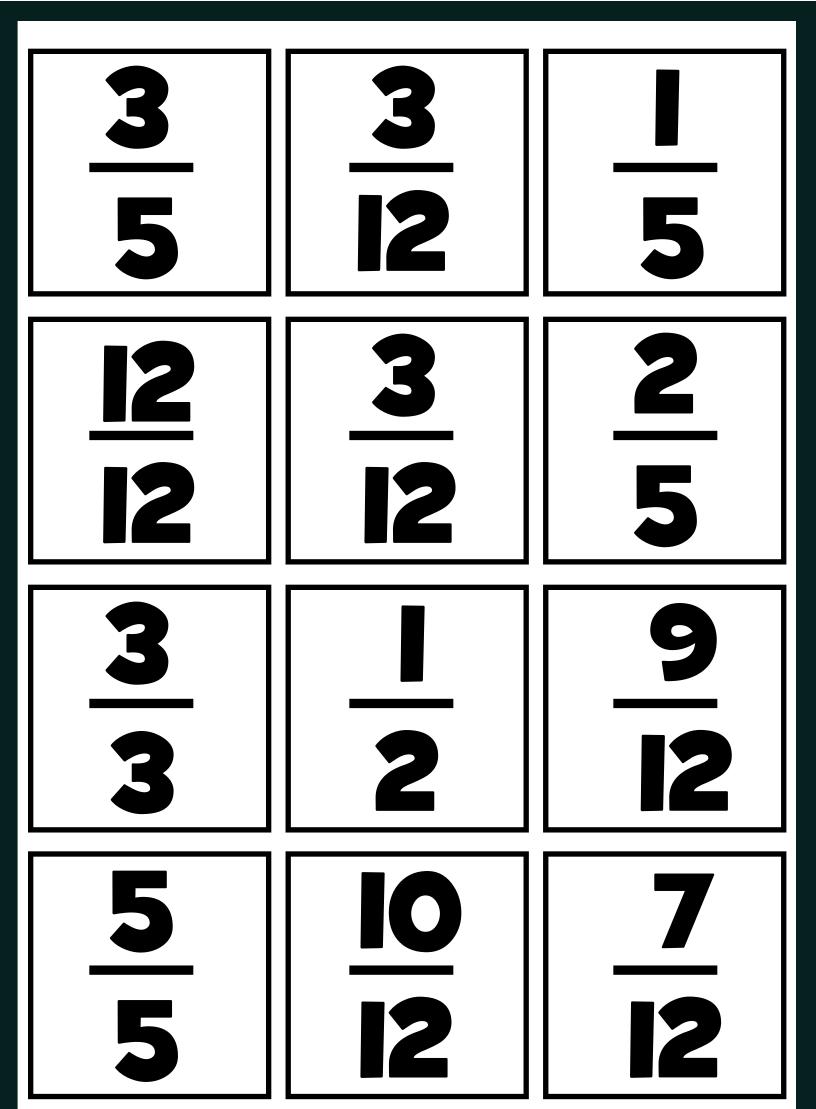








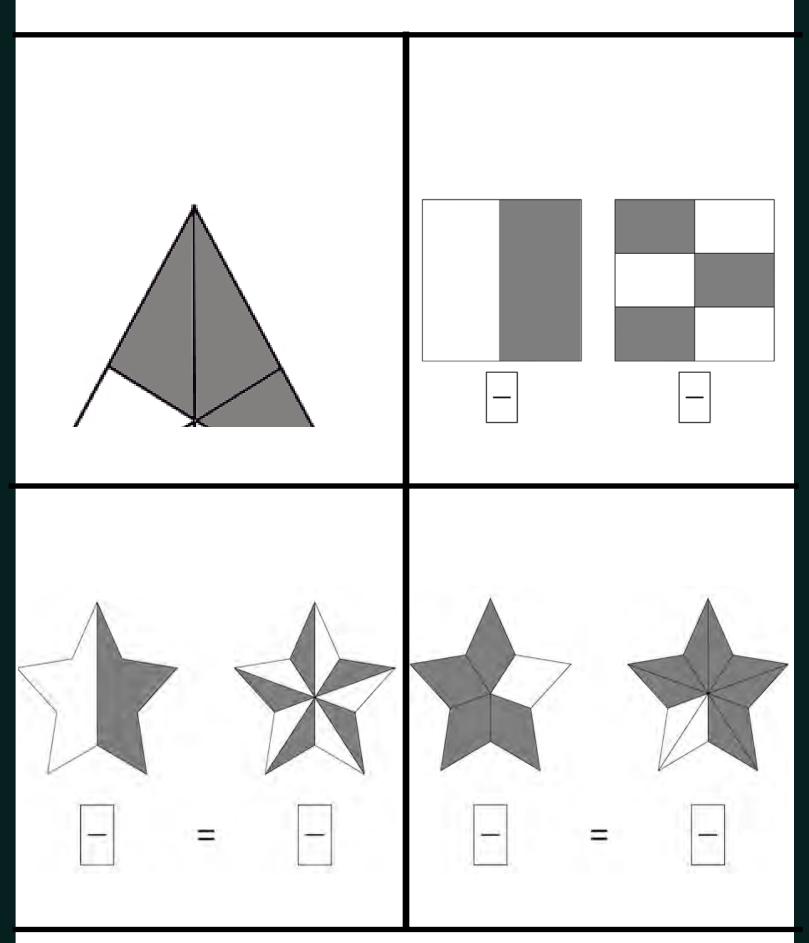




COMPARING DECIMALS USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND COMPARE THE PROBLEMS.

.20 and .30	.40 and .07
> < =	> < =
.02 and .I	.09 and .3
.02 and .I	.09 and .3

FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER.



VISUALIZING DIVISION USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER.

25 ÷ 5 =	(Hint: Circle groups of 5)	
72 ÷ 4 =	J. 3, 3, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5,	
	□□ (Hint: Circle groups of 4)	
55 ÷ II =		
	(Hint: Circle groups of II)	
44 ÷ 4 = Use the sketch	es to figure this problem out.	

Division Tic Tac Toe

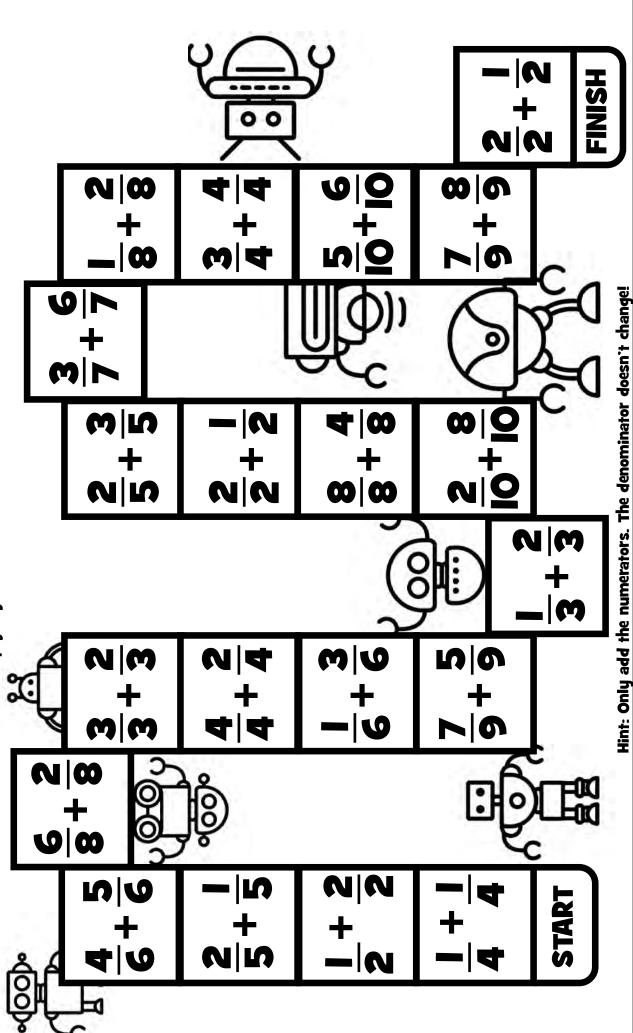
Dividing by 12

Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

ADDING FRACTIONS

Play rock, paper, scissors to decide who starts. Pull a card and move that many spaces around the board. Add the 2 fractions.

Keep going. Whoever reaches Finish first wins.



ADD FRACTIONS

MOVE I SPACE MOVE
2 SPACES

MOVE 3 SPACES MOVE I SPACE

MOVE
2 SPACES

MOVE 3 SPACES

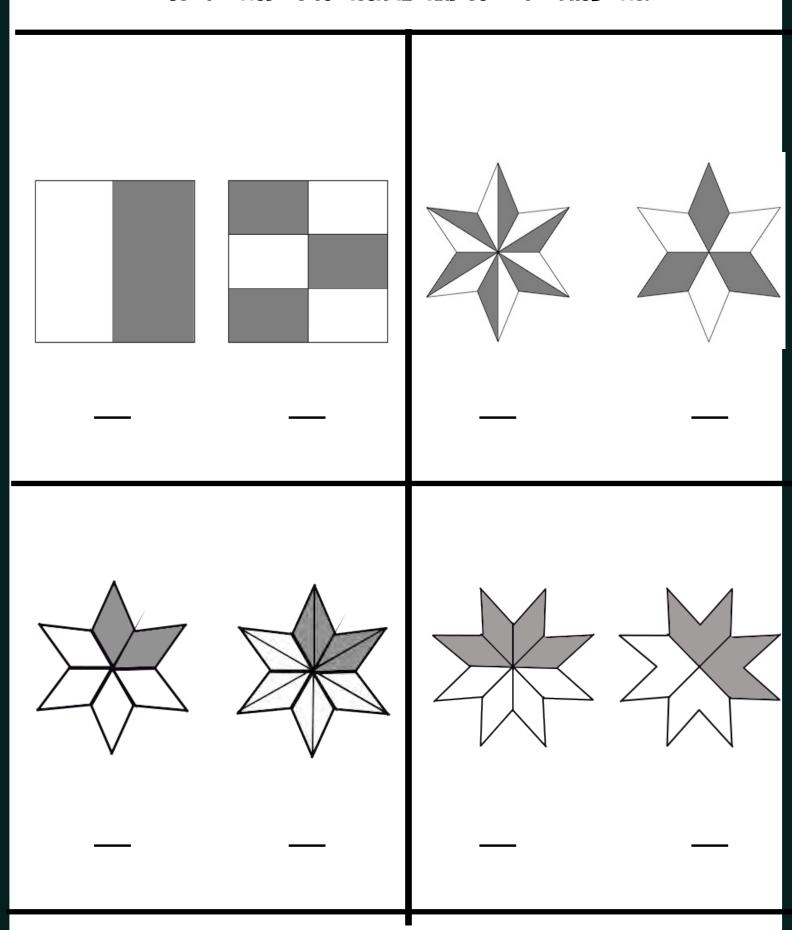
MOVE I SPACE

MOVE
2 SPACES

COMPARING DECIMALS

.09 and .3		.12 and .15	
> <	=	> <	=
.05 and .I		.07 and .3	
.05 and .I		.07 and .3	

FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS

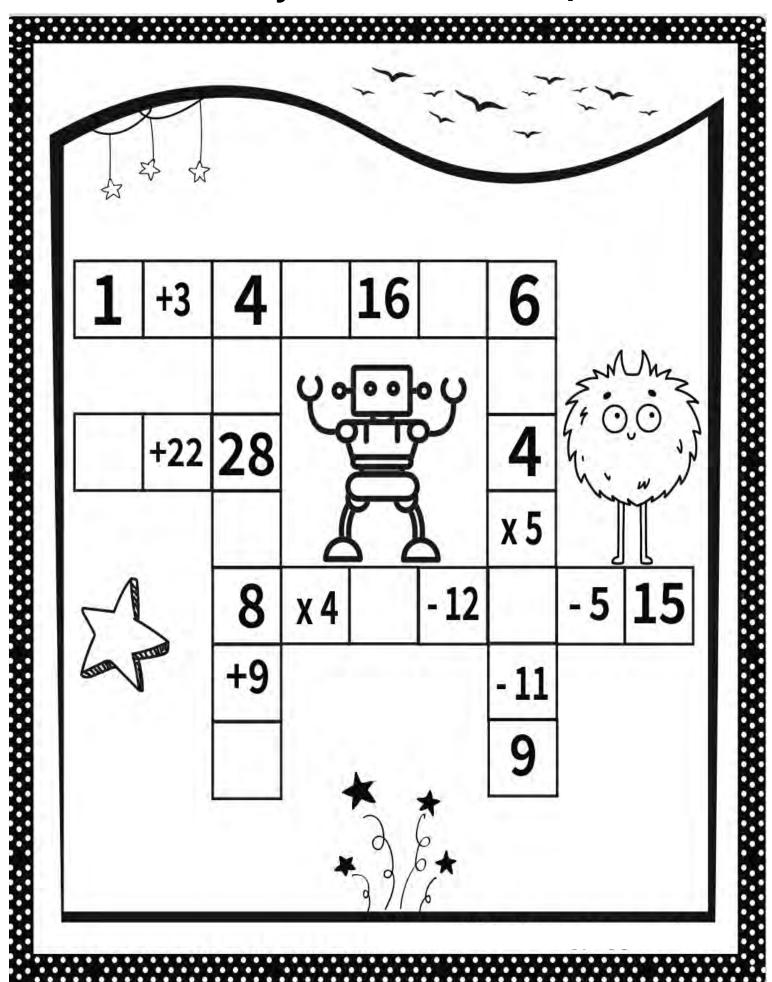


VISUALIZING DIVISION

35 \div 5 = The bakery had 35 donuts. They put 5 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
(Hint: Circle groups of 5) 14 ÷ 4 =
The bakery had I2 pies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
The pakery had is pies. They pur 4 in a pox. now many poxes did they use:
77 ÷ 7 =
Think 70 ÷ 7 and then 7 ÷ 7!
80 ÷ 4 =
The bakery had 80 cookies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use? Use the sketches to figure this problem out.

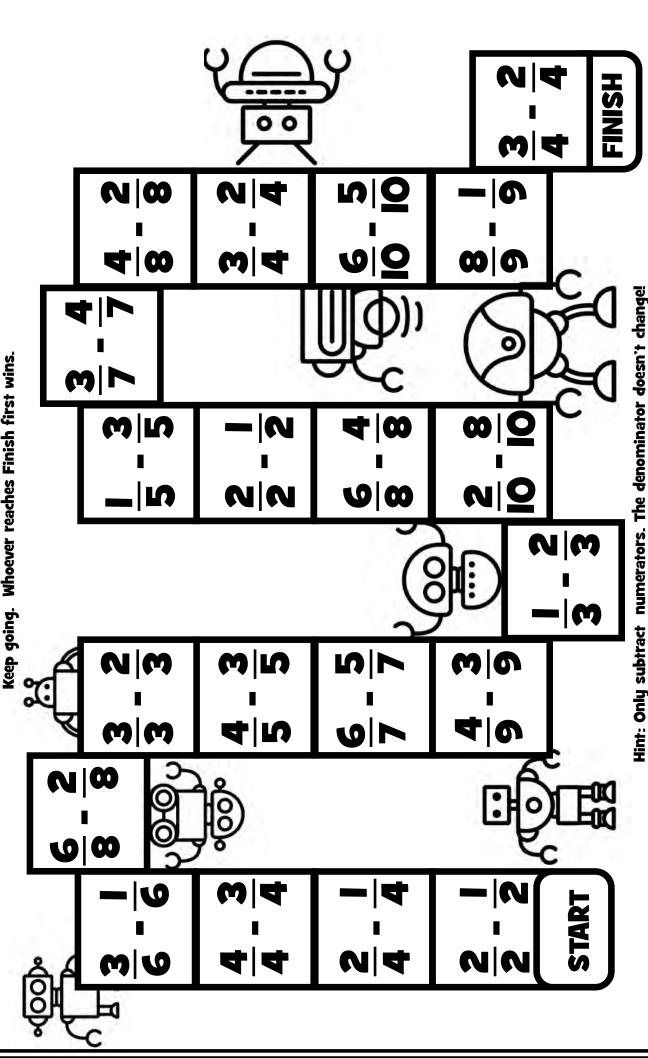
NUMBER CROSSWORD PUZZLES

Fill in the missing number to make the equation true.



SUBTRACT FRACTIONS

Play rock. paper, scissors to decide who starts. Pull a card and move that many spaces around the board. Add the 2 fractions.



SUBTRACT FRACTIONS

MOVE I SPACE MOVE
2 SPACES

MOVE 3 SPACES MOVE I SPACE

MOVE
2 SPACES

MOVE 3 SPACES

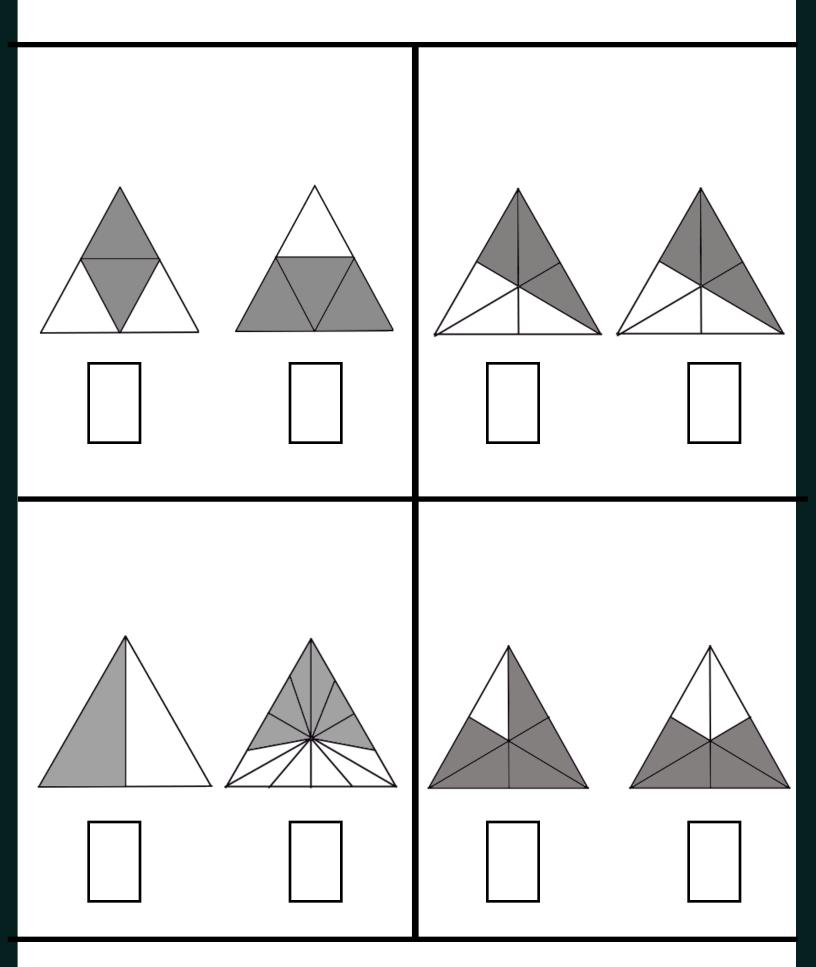
MOVE I SPACE

MOVE
2 SPACES

COMPARING DECIMALS

.21 and .06		.I2 and .08	
> <	=	> <	=
.04 and .I		.I and .03	
.04 and .I		.I and .03	

FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.



VISUALIZING DIVISION

	USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.
88 ÷ 8 =	_
Think 80 ÷ 8 a	and then 8 ÷ 8.
60 ÷ 4 =	
The bakery had	60 cookies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
Use the sketches	s to figure this problem out.
108 ÷ 12 =	_
There were IO8 1	marbles. The store put I2 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
65 ÷ 15 = There were 75 d	 donuts. The baker put I5 in a box. How many boxes did they use?

Division Tic Tac Toe

Dividing by 8

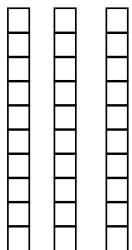
16÷8	8÷8	56÷8	64÷8	56÷8	8÷8
80÷8	40÷8	72÷8	32÷8	16÷8	80÷8
32÷8	48÷8	24÷8	24÷8	40÷8	72÷8

32÷8	24÷8	48÷8	24÷8	48÷8	32÷8
72÷8	80÷8	8÷8	56÷8	72÷8	16÷8
56÷8	16÷8	40÷8	40÷8	80÷8	8÷8

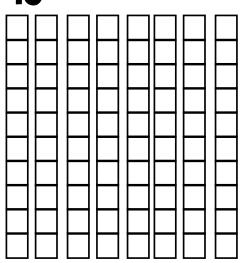
Instructions: Play rock, paper, scissors to see who starts. Then take turns answering a problem on the mat. Whoever gets 3 in a row first wins.

DECIMAL ADDITION ACTIVITY

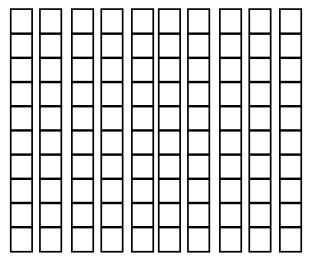
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER. COLOR EACH ADDEND IN A DIFFERENT COLOR.



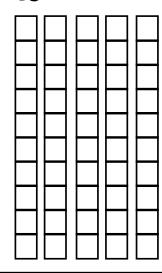
3 + <u>5</u>



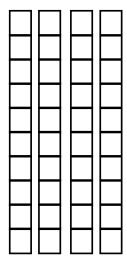
8 + 2 10 10



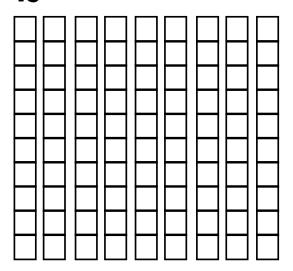
3 + 2 10 10



2 + 2 10 10



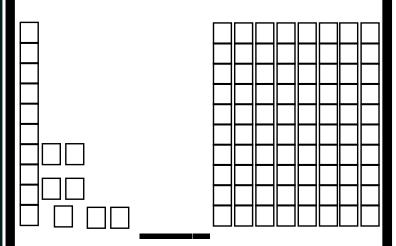
4 + 5 10 10



COMPARING DECIMALS

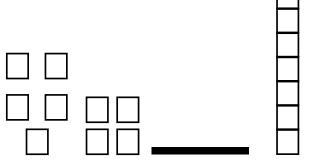
USE THE MODELS TO COMPARE THE DECIMALS.

.I7 and .8



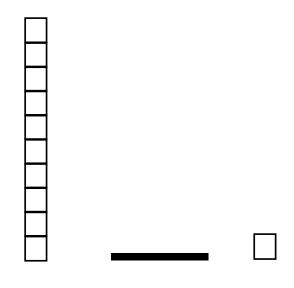
> < =

.09 and .I



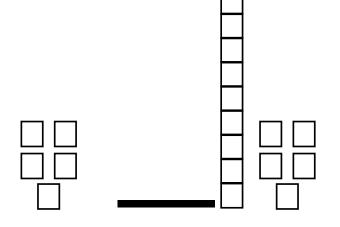
> < =

.I and .OI



> < =

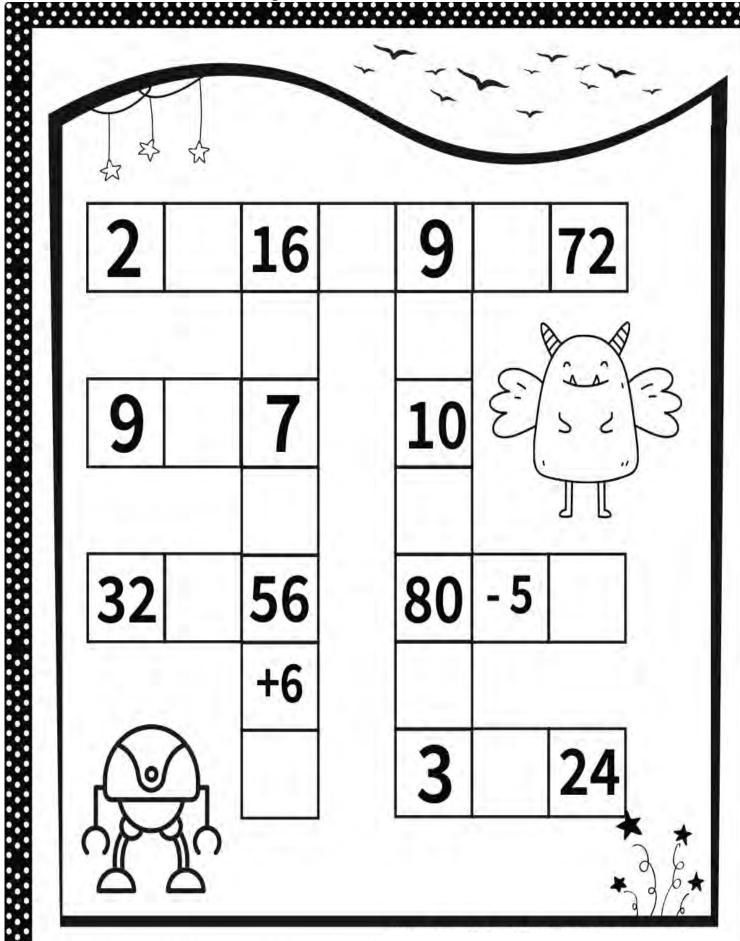
.05 and .15



> < =

NUMBER CROSSWORD PUZZLES

Fill in the missing number to make the equation true.



VISUALIZING DIVISION

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE PROBLEMS.

44 ÷ 4 = Think 40 ÷ 4 and then 4 ÷ 4.					
90 ÷ 5 = The bakery had 90 cookies. They put 5 in a box. How many boxes did they use? Use the sketches to figure this problem out.					
96 ÷ I2 = There were 96 marbles. The store put I2 in a box. How many boxes did they use?					
75 ÷ I5 = There were 65 donuts. The baker put I5 in a box. How many boxes did they use?					

SUMMER MATH SURVEY!

QI: What was your favorite math activity in this packet?

Q2: What was kind of tricky? What strategies did you use to help you?

Q3: What do you need to continue to practice?

Q4: How do you feel about math?

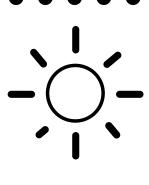










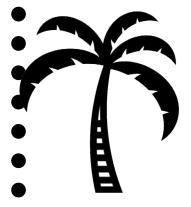


THE END

HOPE YOU HAD A GREAT SUMMER!









10010



You have finished the summer packet! CONGRATULATIONS TO YOU!



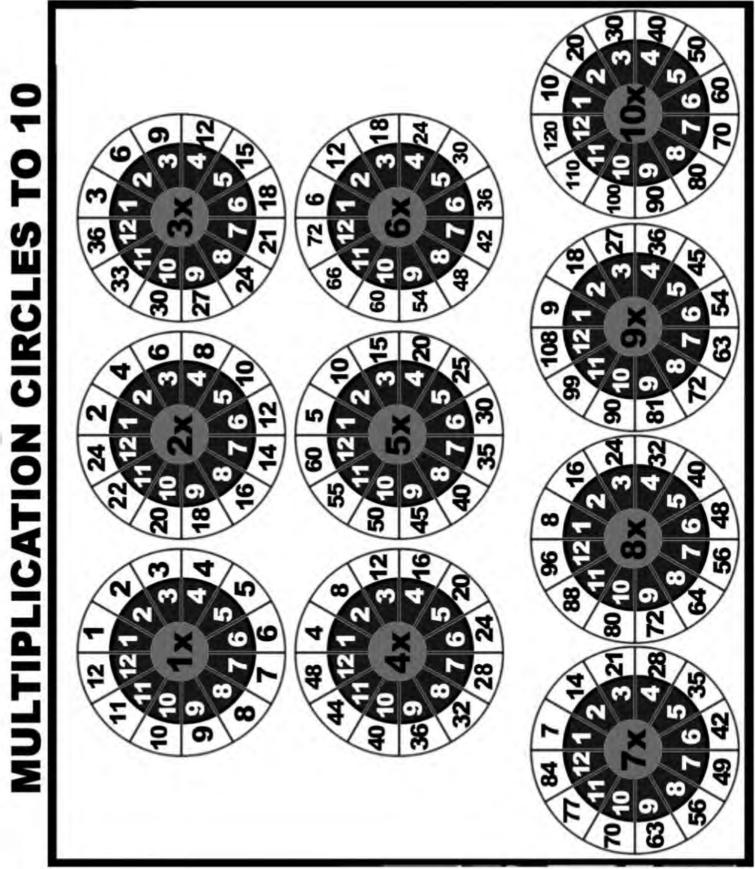






ANSWER KEY

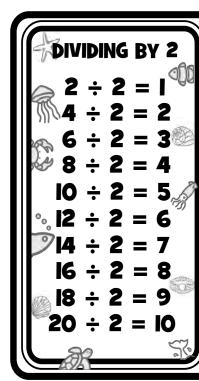
WEEK 1,2,3,4,
5,6,7 & 8
(Multiplication and
Division
Answers)

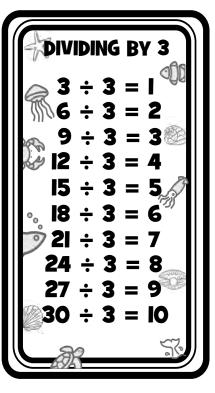


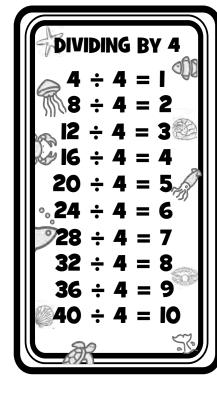
Multiplication

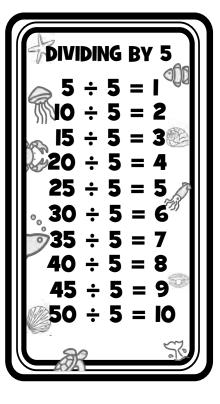
X	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
2	0	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
3	0	3	6	9	12	15	18	21	24	27	30	33	36
4	0	4	8	12	16	20	24	28	32	36	40	44	48
5	0	5	10	15	20	25	30	35	40	45	50	55	60
6	0	6	12	18	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	66	72
7	0	7	14	21	28	35	42	49	56	63	70	77	84
8	0	8	16	24	32	40	48	56	64	72	80	88	96
9	0	9	18	27	36	45	54	63	72	81	90	99	108
10	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	108
11	0	11	22	33	44	55	66	77	88	99	110	121	132
12	0	12	24	36	48	60	72	84	96	108	120	132	144

DIVISION TABLES



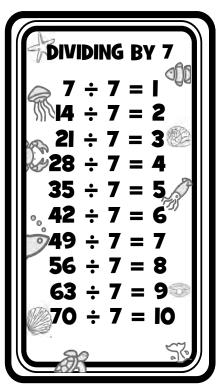


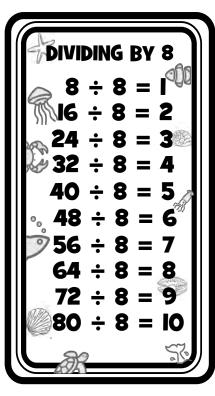


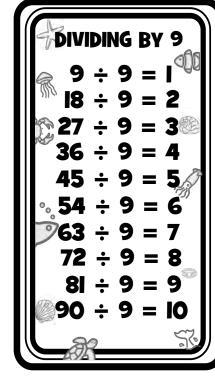


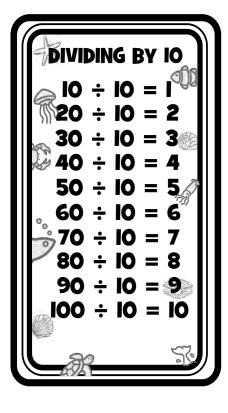
DIVISION TABLES

DIVIDING BY 6 $6 \div 6 = I$ $12 \div 6 = 2$ $18 \div 6 = 3$ $24 \div 6 = 4$ $30 \div 6 = 5$ $36 \div 6 = 6$ $42 \div 6 = 7$ $48 \div 6 = 8$ $54 \div 6 = 9$ $60 \div 6 = 10$



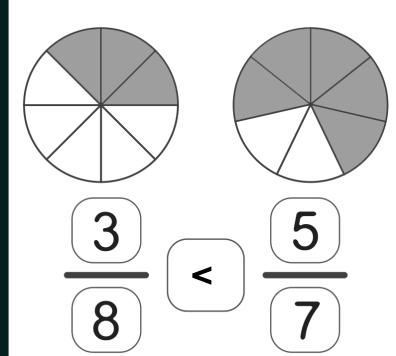


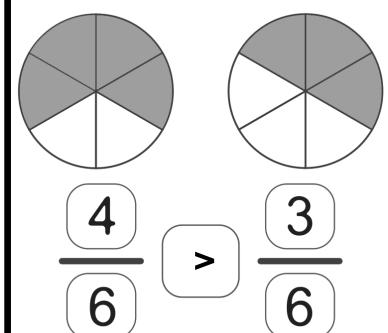


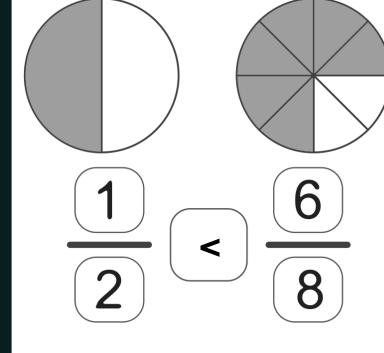


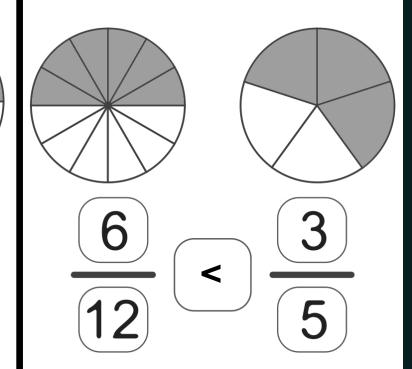
WEEK

COLOR AND COMPA



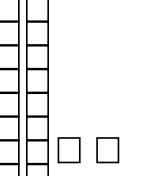


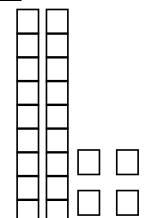


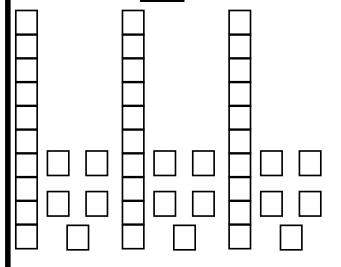


VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

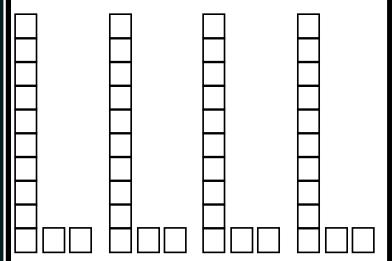




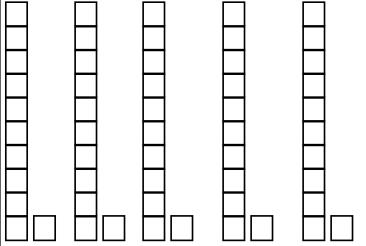




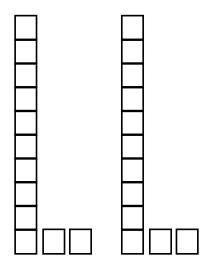
$$4 \times 12 = 48$$



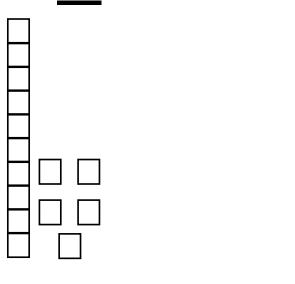
5	X	=	55



$$2 \times 12 = \underline{24}$$

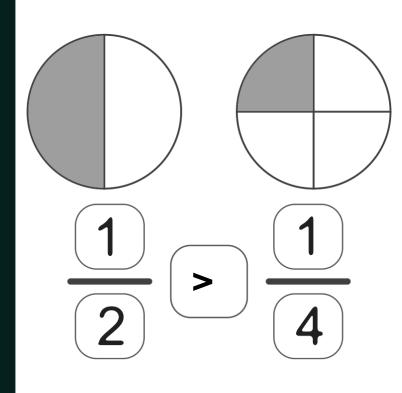


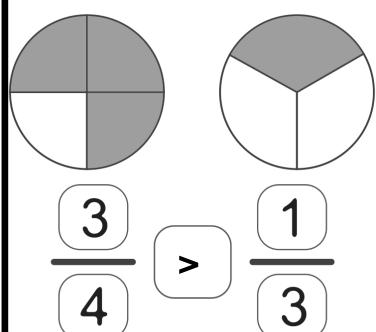
$$I \times IS = IS$$

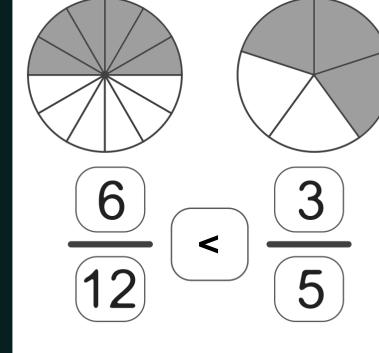


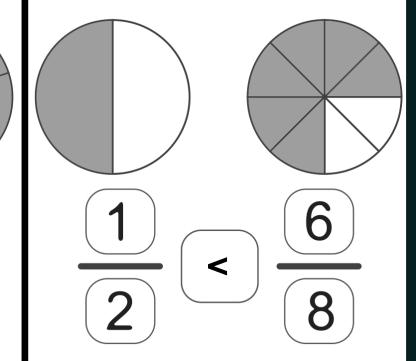
WEEK 2

COLOR AND COMPARE



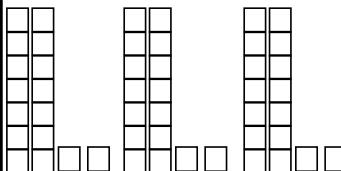




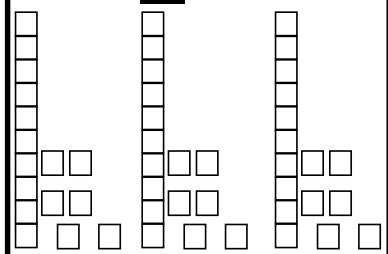


VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

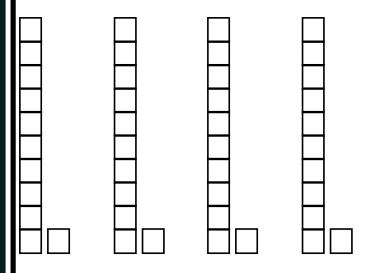




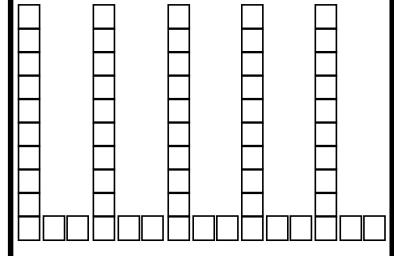
$$3 \times 16 = 48$$



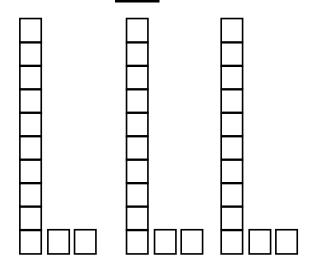
$$4 \times II = \underline{44}$$



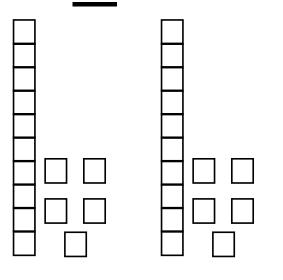
$$5 \times 12 = 60$$



$$3 \times 12 = 36$$



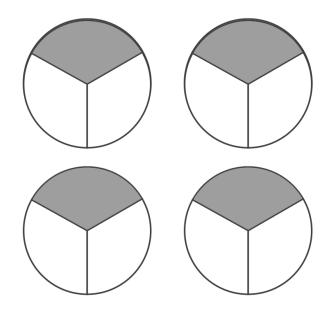
$$2 \times 15 = 30$$



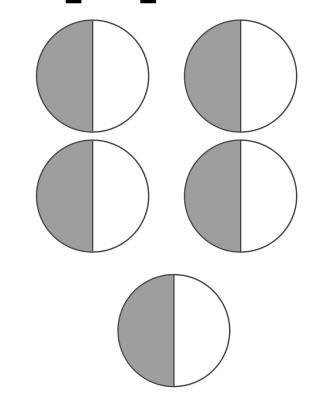
WEEK 3

VISUALIZING MULTIPLICATION OF FRACTIONS COLOR AND SOLVE

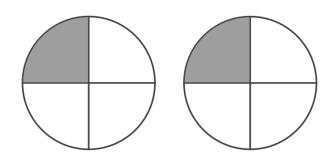
$$4 \times \frac{1}{3} = \frac{4}{3}$$



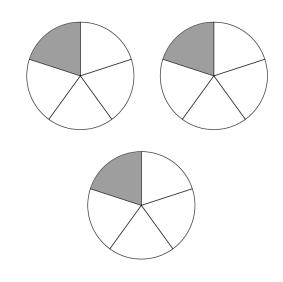
$$5 \times \frac{1}{2} = \frac{5}{2}$$



$$2 \times \frac{1}{4} = \frac{2}{4}$$



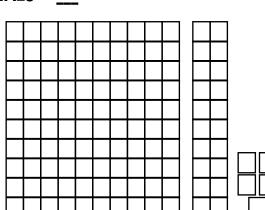
$$3 \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$

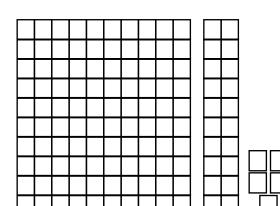


VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

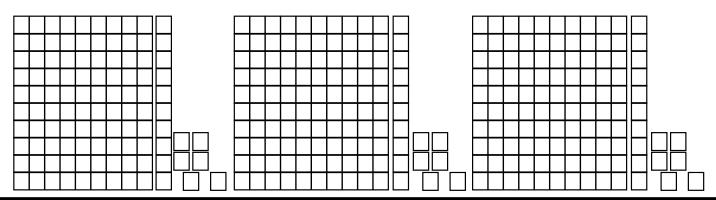
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

 $2 \times 125 = 150$

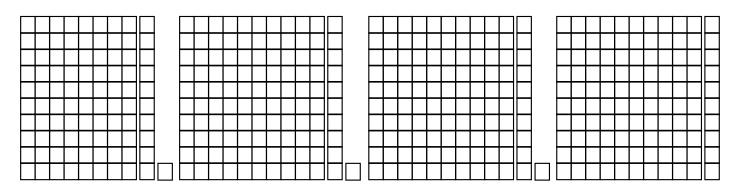




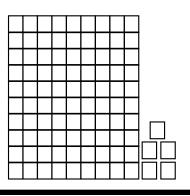
 $3 \times 116 = 348$

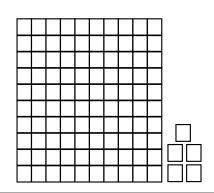


4 x III =444



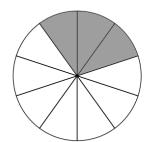
2 x 105 = <u>210</u>

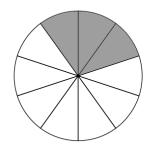


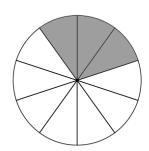


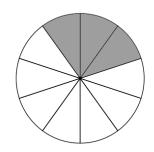
VISUALIZING MULTIPLICATION OF FRACTIONS COLOR AND SOLVE

$$4 \times \frac{3}{10} = \frac{12}{10}$$

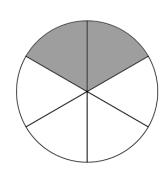


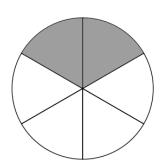




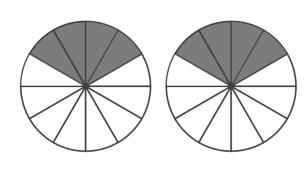


$$2 \times \frac{2}{6} = \frac{4}{6}$$

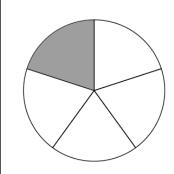


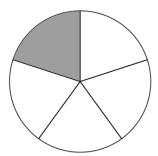


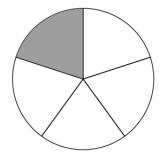
$$2 \times \frac{4}{12} = \frac{8}{12}$$



$$3 \times \frac{1}{5} = \frac{3}{5}$$



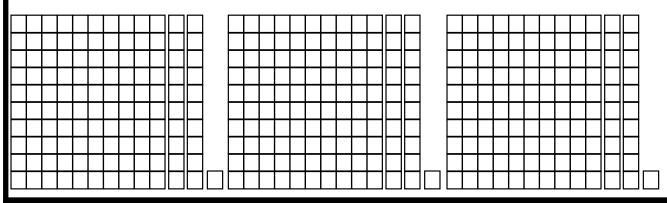




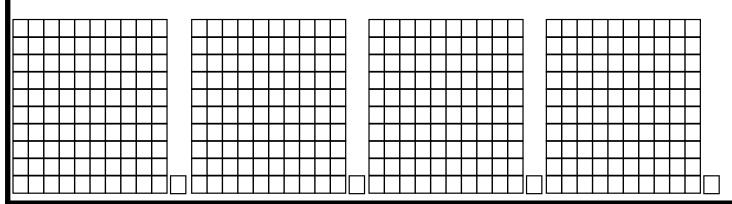
VISUALIZING MULTIPLYING

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

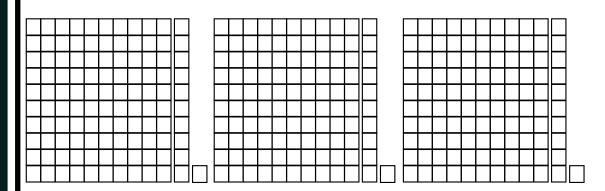
3 x |2| = 363



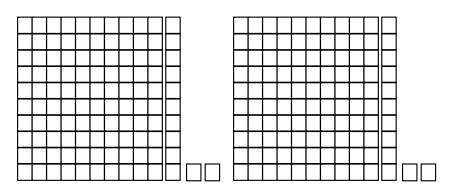
4 x 101 = 404



3 x III = 333



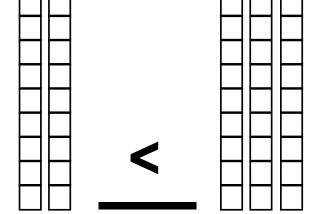
2 x II2 = 224



COMPARING DECIMALS

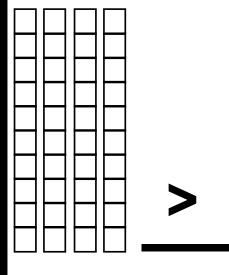
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND COMPARE THE PROBLEMS.

.20 and .30



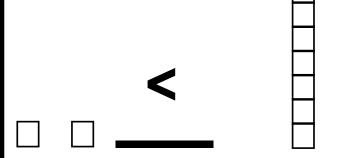
> < =

.40 and .07



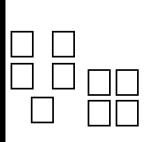
> < =

.02 and .I



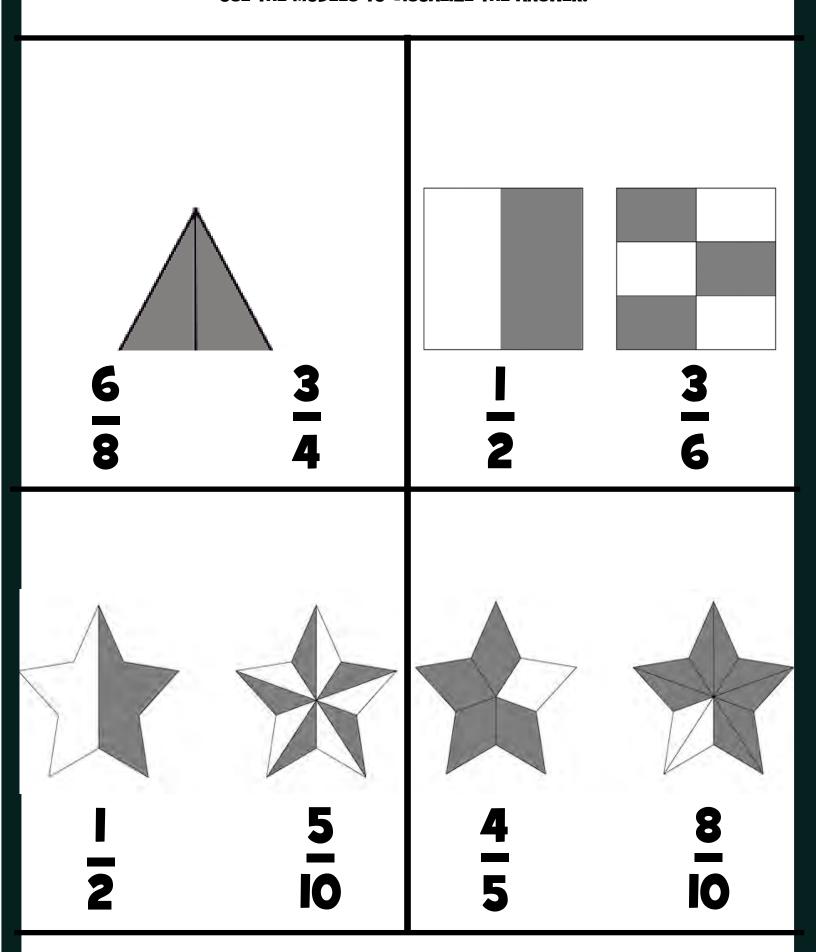
> < =

.09 and .30



> < =

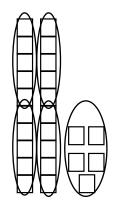
FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER.



VISUALIZING DIVISION

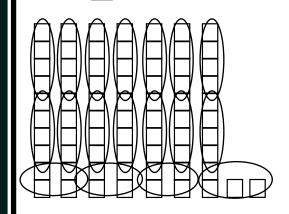
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER.

25 ÷ 5 = 5

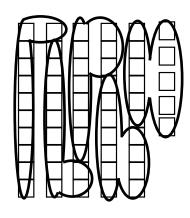


(Hint: Circle groups of 5)

 $72 \div 4 = 18$

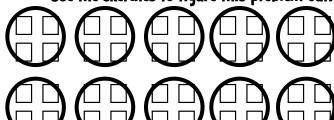


55 ÷ II = 5



(Hint: Circle II groups of 5)

Use the sketches to figure this problem out.

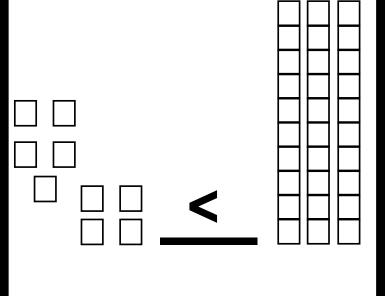




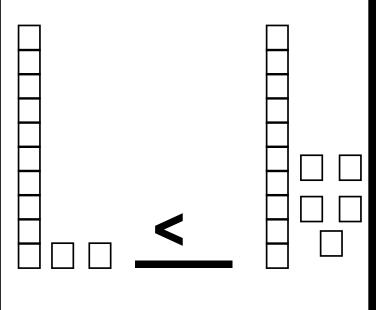
COMPARING DECIMALS

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND COMPARE THE PROBLEMS.

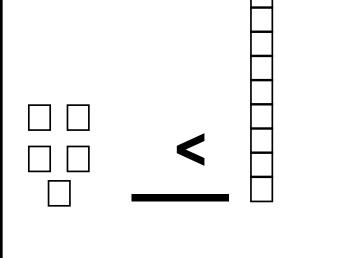
09	and	2
.07	ang	.5



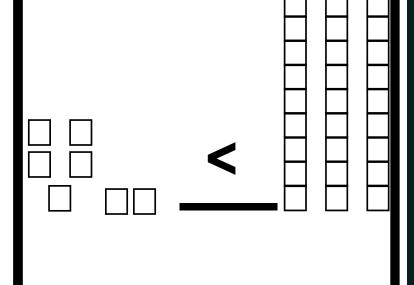




.05 and .I



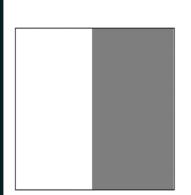
.07 and .3

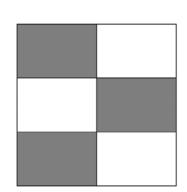


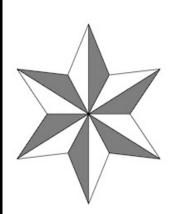
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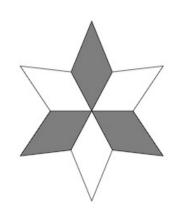
FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.







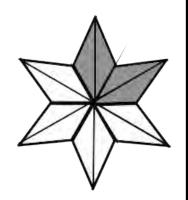


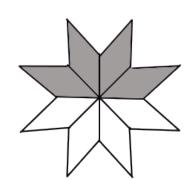
<u>3</u>

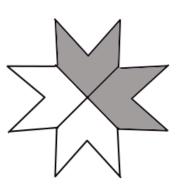
6 12

<u>3</u>









<u>2</u>

<u>4</u> 12 <u>4</u> 8 **2 4**

VISUALIZING DIVISION

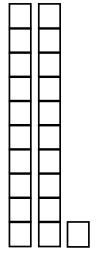
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PRODUCING.
35 ÷ 5 = <u>7</u>
The bakery had 35 donuts. They put 5 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
(Hint: Circle groups of 5)
12 ÷ 4 = <u>3</u>
The bakery had I2 pies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
77 ÷ 7 = <u>II</u>
Think 70 ÷ 7 and then 7 ÷ 7!
20 : 4 - 20
80 \div 4 = $\frac{20}{100}$ The bakery had 80 cookies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
Use the sketches to figure this problem out.

COMPARING DECIMALS

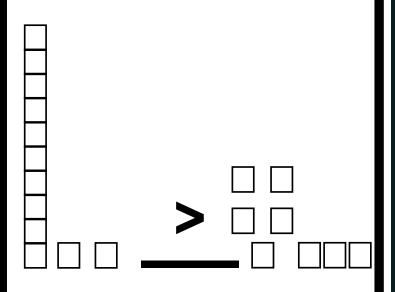
USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

.21 and .06



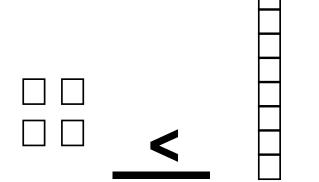
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.I2 and .08



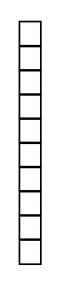
> < =

.04 and .I



> < =

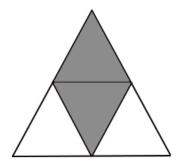
.I and .03

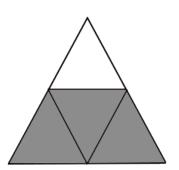


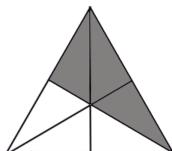
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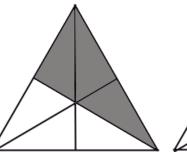
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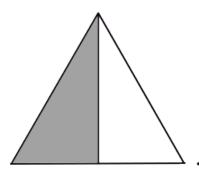
FINDING EQUIVALENT FRACTIONS USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.

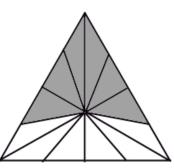


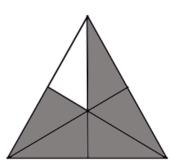


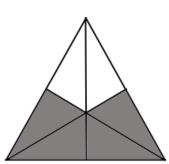












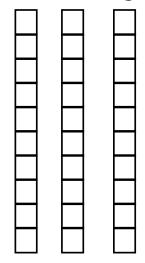
VISUALIZING DIVISION

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE AND SOLVE THE PROBLEMS.
88 ÷ 8 = <u>II</u>
Think 80 ÷ 8 and then 8 ÷ 8.
60 ÷ 4 = <u>15</u>
The bakery had 60 cookies. They put 4 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
Use the sketches to figure this problem out.
108 ÷ 12 = 9
There were IO8 marbles. The store put I2 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
90 ÷ 15 = <u>6</u>
There were 90 donuts. The baker put 15 in a box. How many boxes did they use?

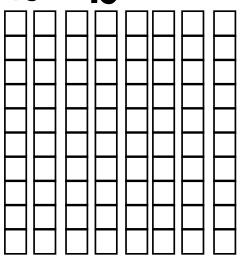
DECIMAL ADDITION ACTIVITY

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE ANSWER. COLOR EACH ADDEND IN A DIFFERENT COLOR.

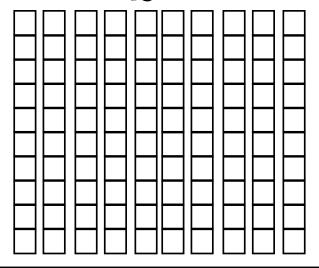
 $\frac{1}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{3}{10}$



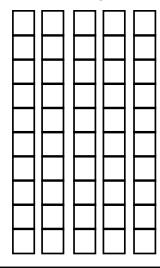
 $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{8}{10}$



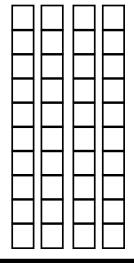
 $\frac{8}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{10}{10}$



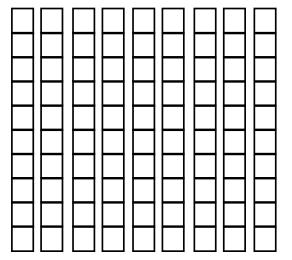
 $\frac{3}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{5}{10}$



 $\frac{2}{10} + \frac{2}{10} = \frac{4}{10}$

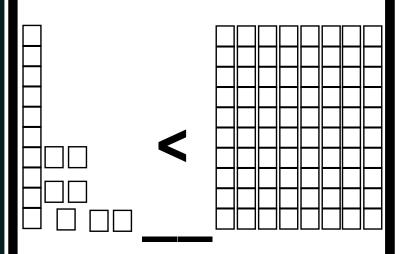


 $\frac{4}{10} + \frac{5}{10} = \frac{9}{10}$

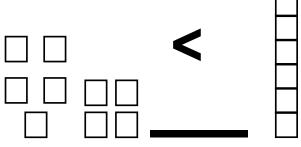


COMPARING DECIMALS USE THE MODELS TO COMPARE THE DECIMALS.

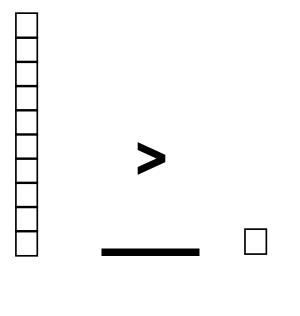
.17 and .8



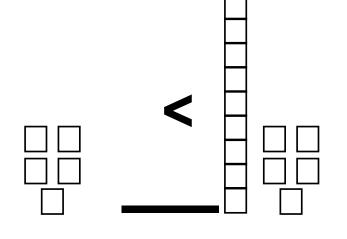
.09 and .I



.I and .OI

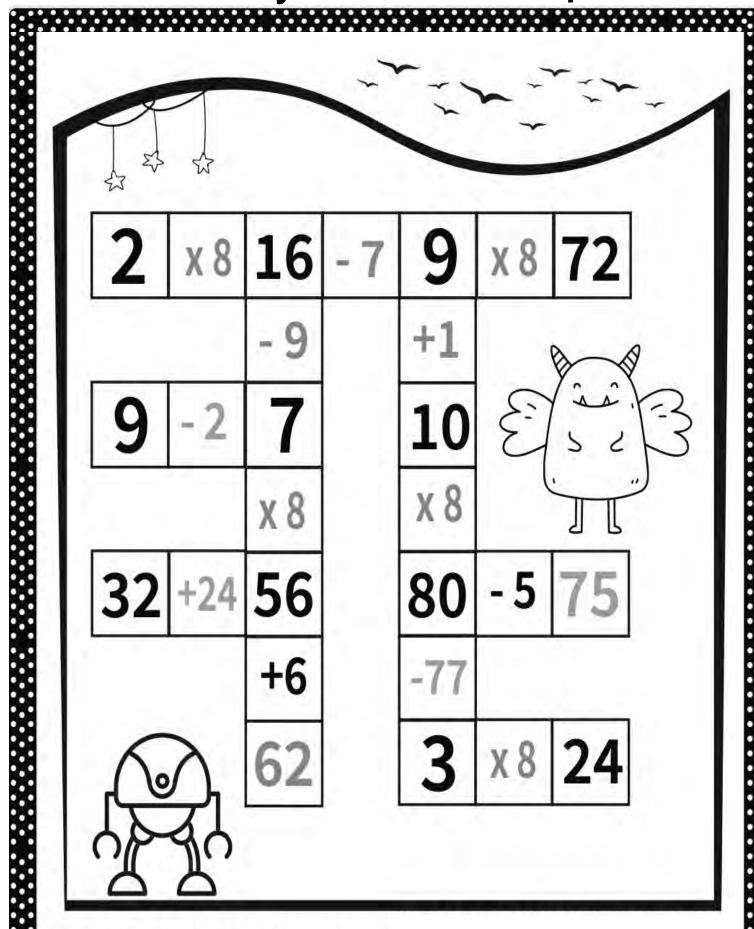


.05 and .15



NUMBER CROSSWORD PUZZLES

Fill in the missing number to make the equation true.



VISUALIZING DIVISION

USE THE MODELS TO VISUALIZE THE PROBLEMS.
44 ÷ 4 = <u> </u> Think 40 ÷ 4 and then 4 ÷ 4.
90 \div 5 = <u>18</u> The bakery had 90 cookies. They put 5 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
Use the sketches to figure this problem out.
96 ÷ 12 = <u>8</u>
There were 96 marbles. The store put I2 in a box. How many boxes did they use?
75 ÷ 15 = <u>5</u>
There were 75 donuts. The baker put 15 in a box. How many boxes did they use?