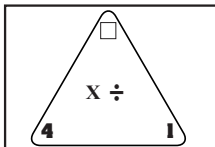


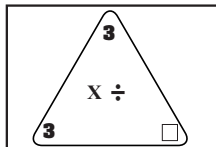
DIVIDING by ITSELF

WORK BOOKLET ANSWER KEY

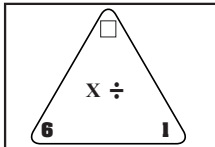
TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY



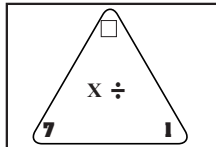
\times _____ = _____
 \times _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____



\times _____ = _____
 \times _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____



\times _____ = _____
 \times _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____



\times _____ = _____
 \times _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____
 \div _____ = _____

Division Vocabulary

dividend

divisor

quotient

$$6 \div 6 = 1$$

divisor

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 6 \overline{) 6} \end{array}$$

quotient

dividend

dividend

$$\frac{6}{6} = 1$$

quotient

divisor

DIVISION

$$9 \div 9 = 1$$



DIVIDEND



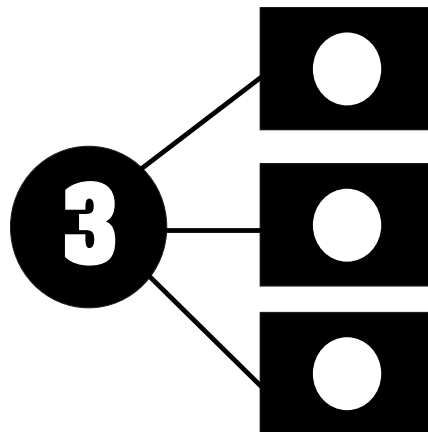
DIVISOR



QUOTIENT

Division Strategies:

PARTITION

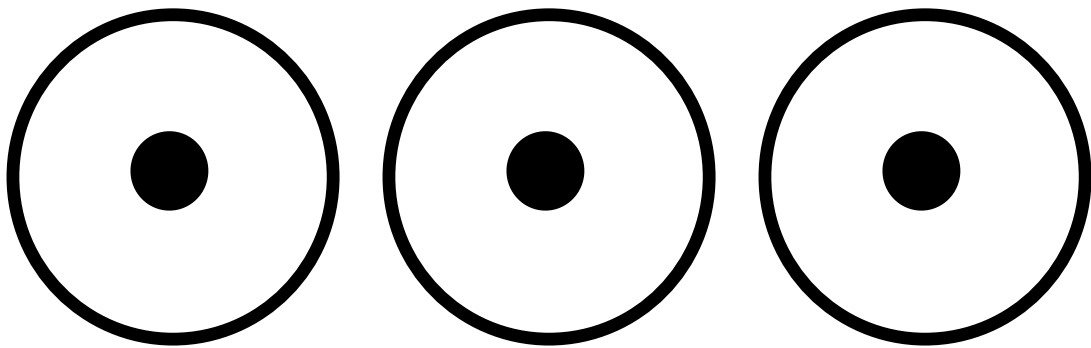


$$3 \div 3 = 1$$

STRATEGY POSTER

When dividing by **ITSELF**,
it's always 1

$$3 \div 3 = 1$$



**Hint: It's always 1 when you divide
a number by itself**

DIVISION

$$9 \div 9 = 1$$



DIVIDEND



DIVISOR



QUOTIENT



VOCABULARY

DIVISION BY ITSELF PROPERTY

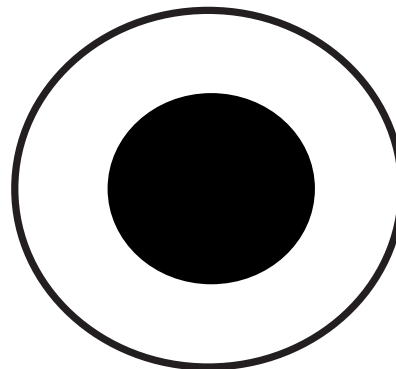
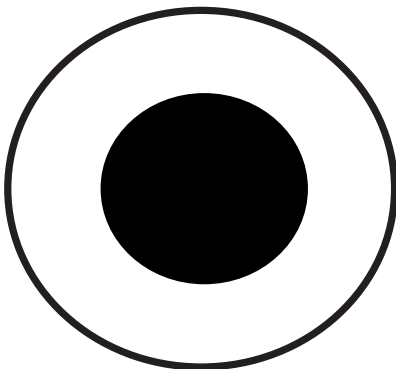
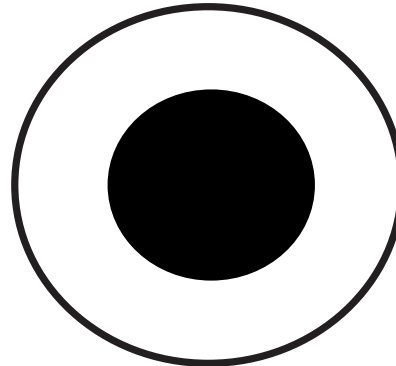
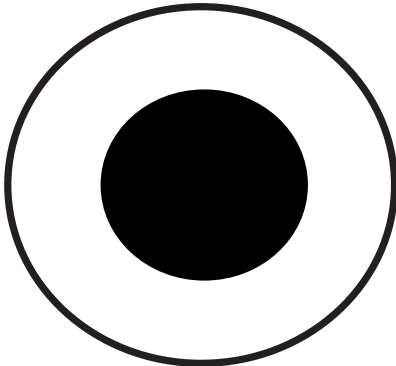
DIVIDING A NUMBER BY ITSELF

$$4 \div 4 = 1$$

$$10 \div 10$$

$$5 \div 5$$

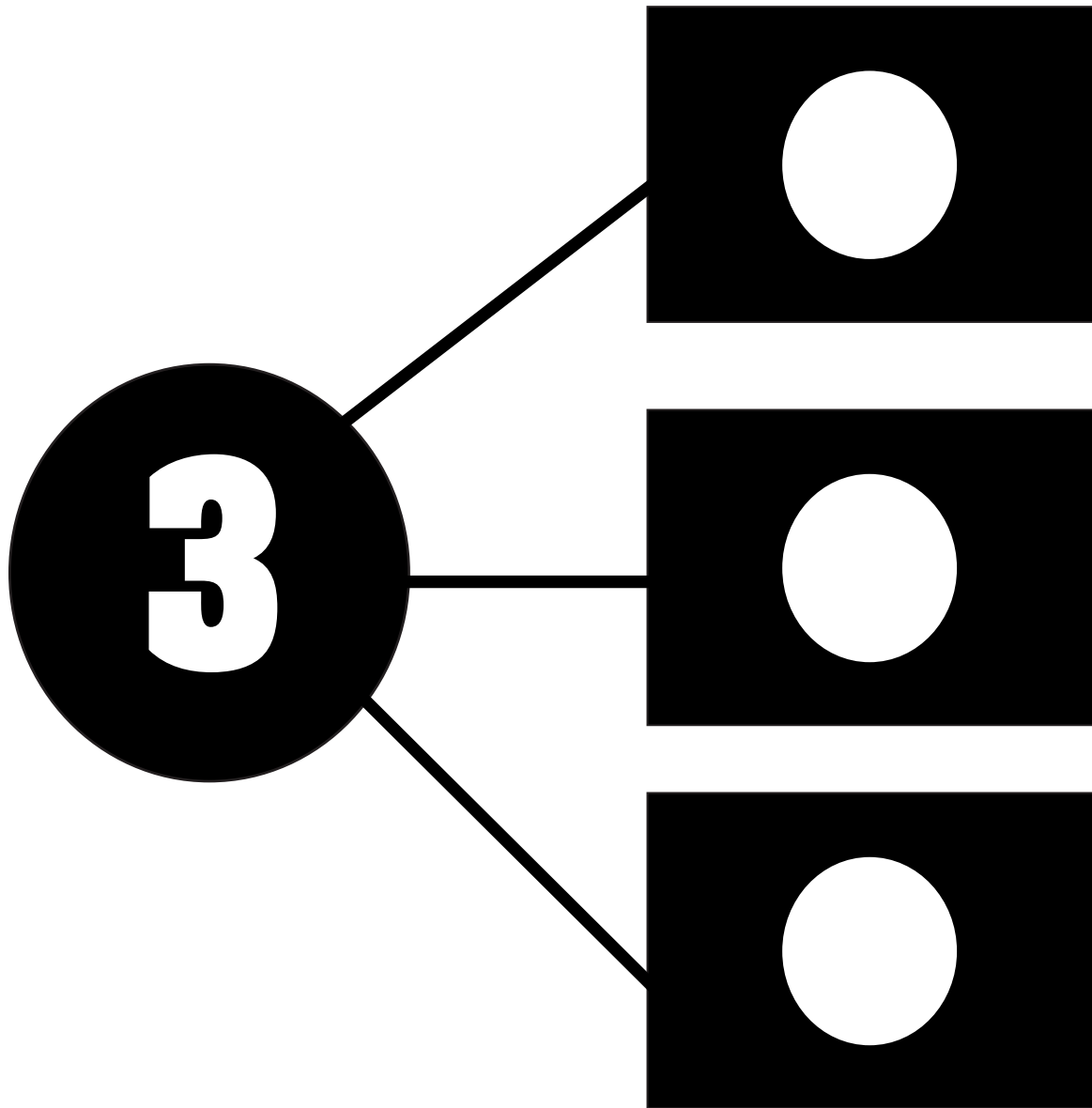
$$8 \div 8$$



Hint : It's always 1 when you divide a number by itself.

Division Strategies:

PARTITION

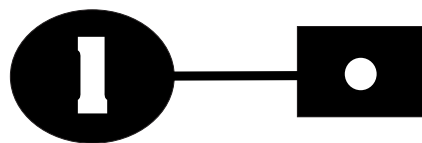


$$3 \div 3 = 1$$

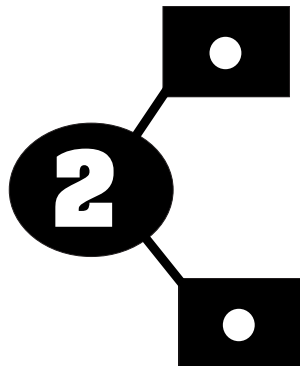
Division Strategies:

PARTITION

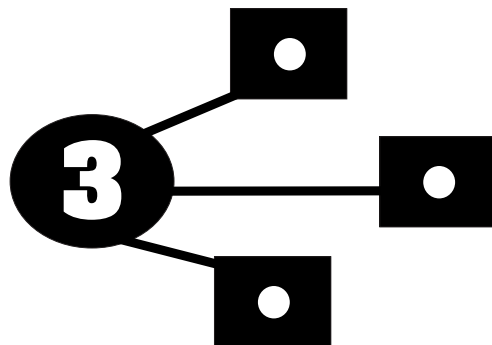
$$1 \div 1 = 1$$



$$2 \div 2 = 1$$



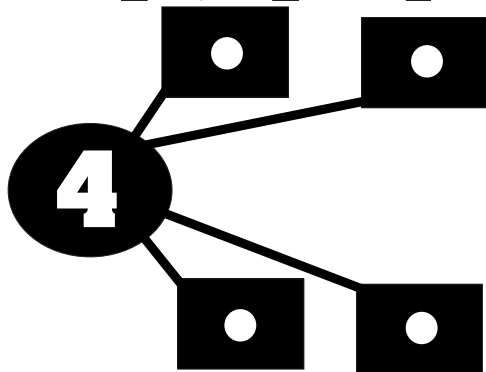
$$3 \div 3 = 1$$



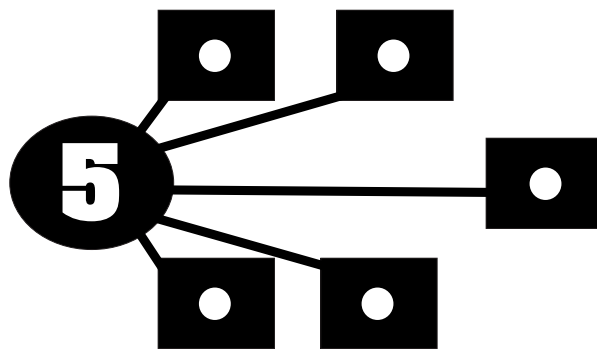
Division Strategies:

PARTITION

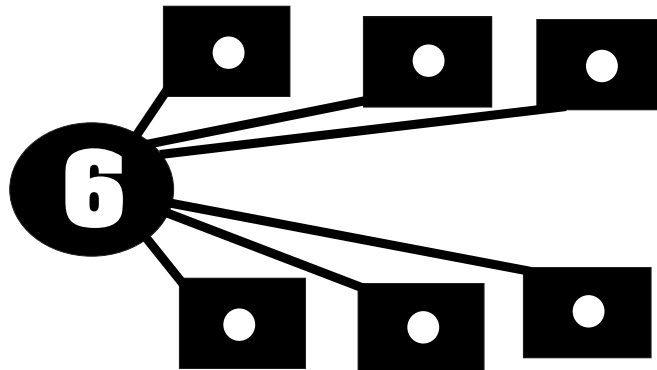
$$4 \div 4 = 1$$



$$5 \div 5 = 1$$



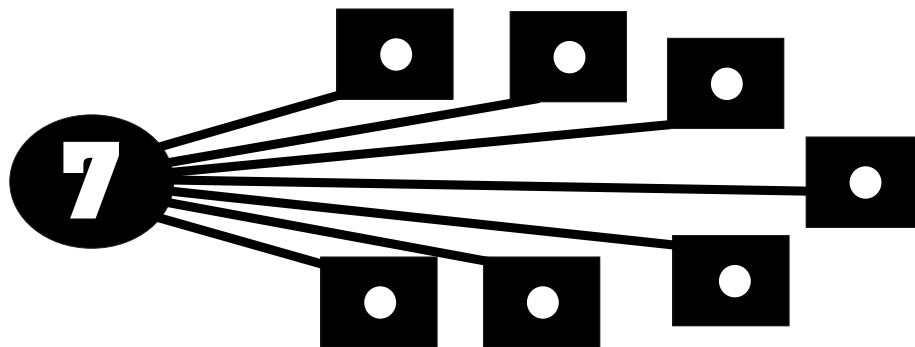
$$6 \div 6 = 1$$



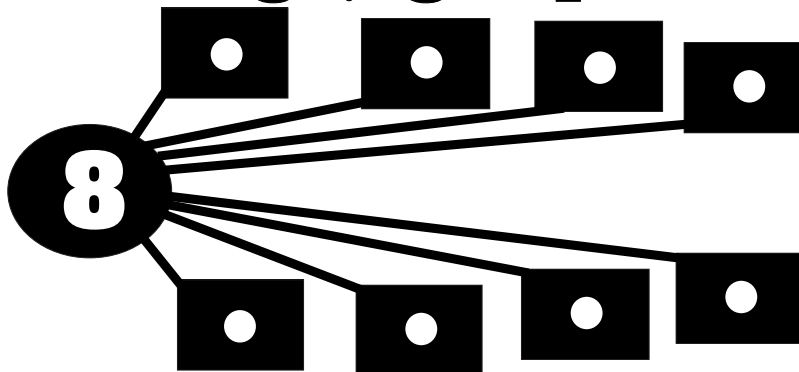
Division Strategies:

PARTITION

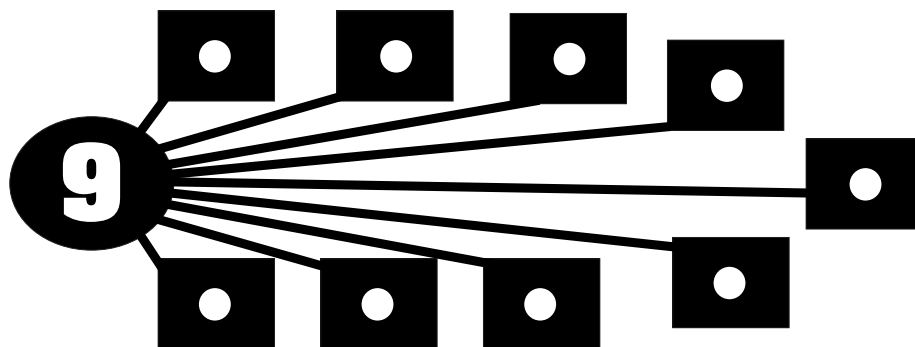
$$7 \div 7 = 1$$



$$8 \div 8 = 1$$

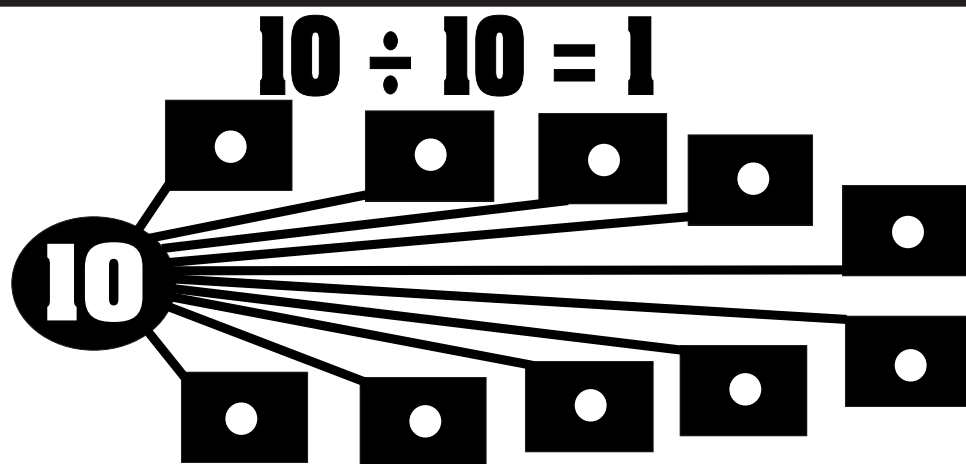


$$9 \div 9 = 1$$



Division Strategies:

PARTITION



FREE CHOICE

FREE CHOICE

Division Strategies:

RELATED FACT

$$6 \div 6 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$6 \times \underline{1} = 6$$

$$1 \div 1 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$1 \times \underline{1} = 1$$

$$8 \div 8 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$8 \times \underline{1} = 8$$

$$9 \div 9 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$9 \times \underline{1} = 9$$

Division Strategies:

RELATED FACT

$$2 \div 2 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$2 \times \underline{1} = 2$$

$$4 \div 4 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$4 \times \underline{1} = 4$$

$$3 \div 3 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$3 \times \underline{1} = 3$$

$$5 \div 5 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$5 \times \underline{1} = 5$$

Division Strategies:

RELATED FACT

$$10 \div 10 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$10 \times \underline{1} = 10$$

$$7 \div 7 = \underline{1}$$

think

$$7 \times \underline{1} = 7$$

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

think

$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

$$\underline{\quad} \div \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

think

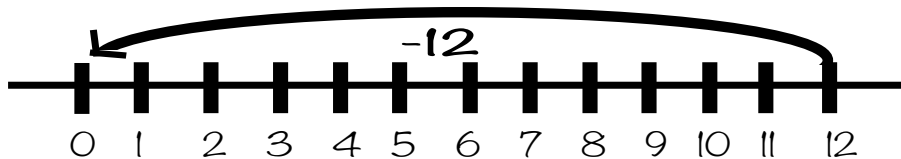
$$\underline{\quad} \times \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$$

Division Strategies:

NUMBER LINES

THERE ARE 12 COOKIES AND YOU PUT 12 IN A BAG. HOW MANY BAGS DO YOU HAVE?

$$12 \div 12 = 1$$



HOW MANY JUMPS UNTIL YOU GET TO ZERO?

THE FIRST NUMBER IS HOW MANY COOKIES (DIVIDEND). THE SECOND NUMBER IS HOW MANY ARE IN A BAG (DIVISOR). THE QUESTION IS HOW MANY BAGS DO YOU NEED (QUOTIENT)?

SOLVE THE PROBLEM ON THE NUMBER LINE.
HOW MANY JUMPS UNTIL YOU GET TO ZERO?

$$1 \div 1$$



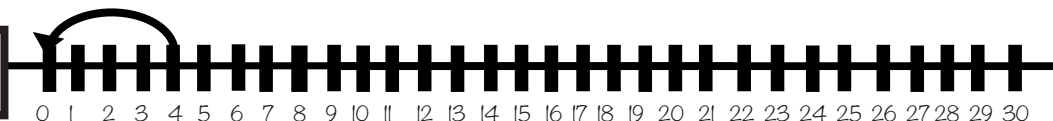
$$2 \div 2$$



$$3 \div 3$$



$$4 \div 4$$



Division Strategies:

NUMBER LINES

$5 \div 5$



$6 \div 6$



$7 \div 7$



$8 \div 8$



$9 \div 9$



$10 \div 10$



Division Strategies: **SKIP COUNTING CHART**

1
2
3
4
5

6
7
8
9
10

Division Vocabulary

dividend

divisor

quotient

$$6 \div 6 = 1$$

divisor

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ 6 \overline{) 6} \end{array}$$

quotient

dividend

dividend

$$\frac{6}{6} = 1$$

divisor

quotient

Array Flashcards

USE THE MODEL TO SOLVE



$$1 \div 1 = \underline{1}$$



$$2 \div 2 = \underline{1}$$

Array Flashcards

USE THE MODEL TO SOLVE



$$3 \div 3 = \underline{1}$$



$$4 \div 4 = \underline{1}$$

Array Flashcards

USE THE MODEL TO SOLVE



$$5 \div 5 = \underline{1}$$



$$6 \div 6 = \underline{1}$$

Array Flashcards

USE THE MODEL TO SOLVE



$$7 \div 7 = \underline{1}$$



$$8 \div 8 = \underline{1}$$

Array Flashcards

USE THE MODEL TO SOLVE



$$9 \div 9 = \underline{1}$$



$$10 \div 10 = \underline{1}$$

Array Flashcards

**WRITE AN EQUATION THAT
MATCHES THE ARRAY.**

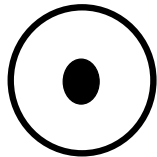
FREE CHOICE

FREE CHOICE

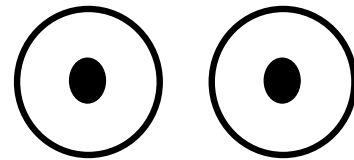
Equal Group Flashcards

MAKE YOUR OWN EQUAL GROUP FLASHCARDS. DRAW EQUAL GROUPS TO MODEL THE PROBLEM.

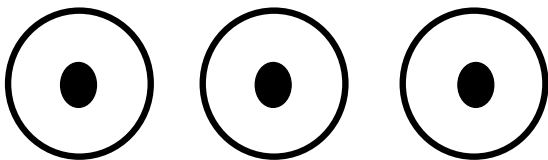
$$1 \div 1 = \underline{1}$$



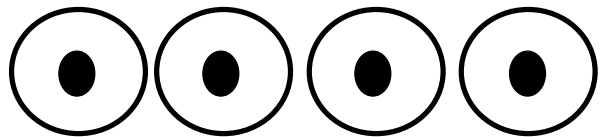
$$2 \div 2 = \underline{1}$$



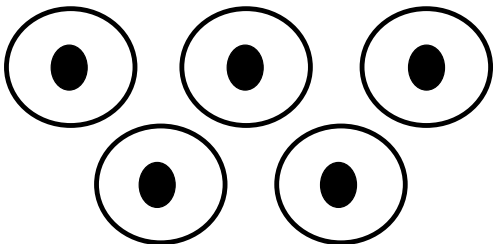
$$3 \div 3 = \underline{1}$$



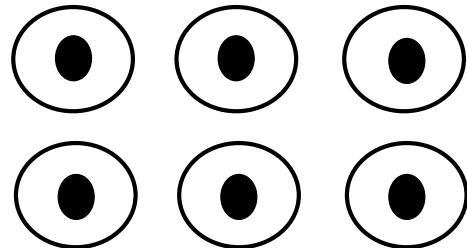
$$4 \div 4 = \underline{1}$$



$$5 \div 5 = \underline{1}$$



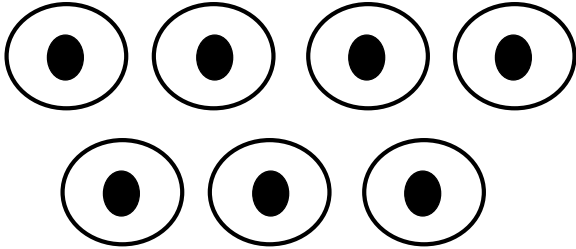
$$6 \div 6 = \underline{1}$$



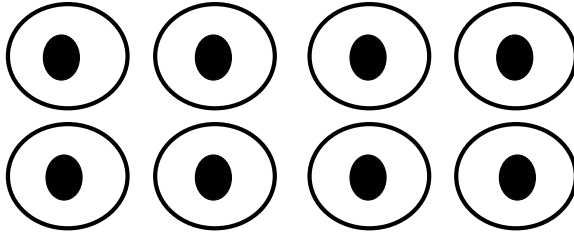
Equal Group Flashcards

MAKE YOUR OWN EQUAL GROUP FLASHCARDS. DRAW EQUAL GROUPS TO MODEL THE PROBLEM.

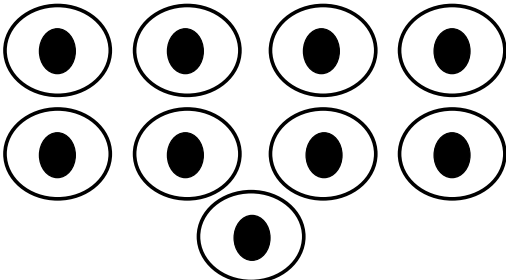
7 ÷ 7 = 1



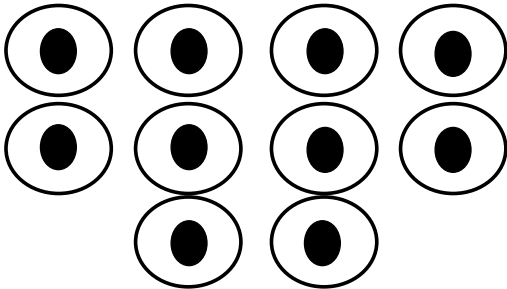
8 ÷ 8 = 1



9 ÷ 9 = 1



10 ÷ 10 = 1



Regular Flashcards

$$1 \div 1$$

$$2 \div 2$$

$$3 \div 3$$

$$4 \div 4$$

$$5 \div 5$$

$$6 \div 6$$

Regular Flashcards

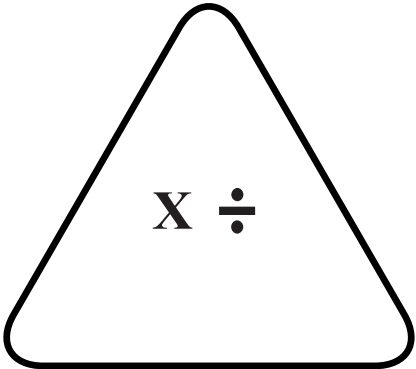
$$7 \div 7$$

$$8 \div 8$$

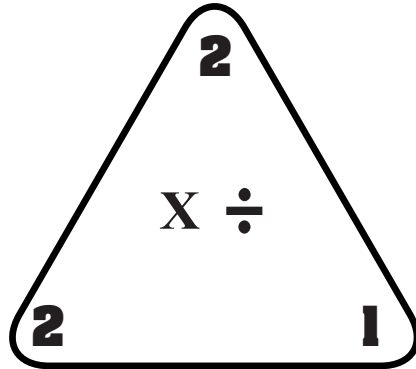
$$9 \div 9$$

$$10 \div 10$$

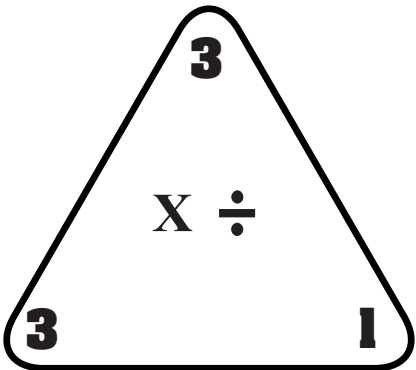
TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY



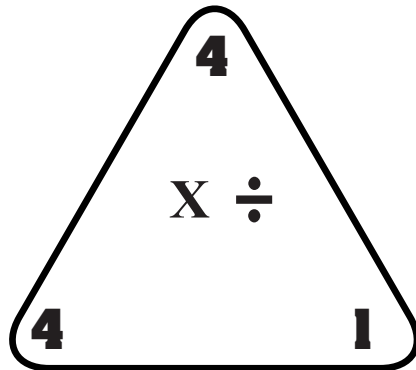
	x		=	
	x		=	
	÷		=	
	÷		=	



2	x	1	=	2
1	x	2	=	2
2	÷	1	=	2
2	÷	2	=	1

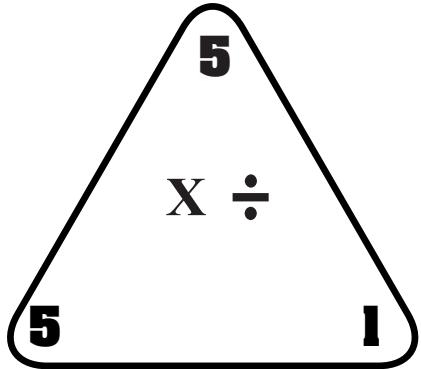


3	x	1	=	3
1	x	3	=	3
3	÷	1	=	3
3	÷	3	=	1

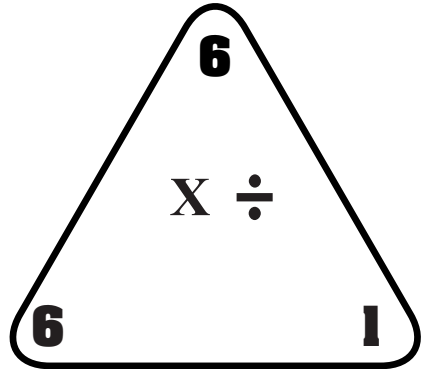


4	x	1	=	4
1	x	4	=	4
4	÷	1	=	4
4	÷	4	=	1

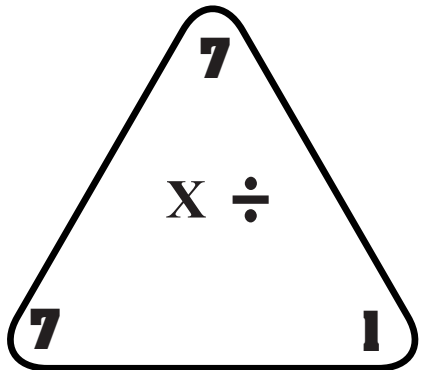
TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY



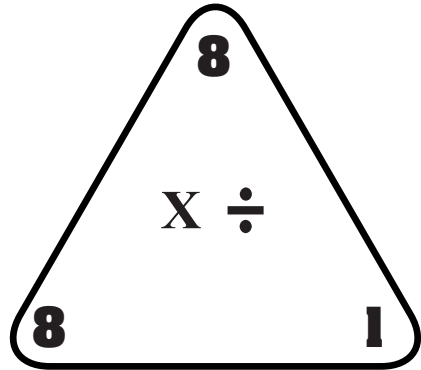
$5 \times 1 = 5$
 $1 \times 5 = 5$
 $5 \div 1 = 5$
 $5 \div 5 = 1$



$6 \times 1 = 6$
 $1 \times 6 = 6$
 $6 \div 1 = 6$
 $6 \div 6 = 1$

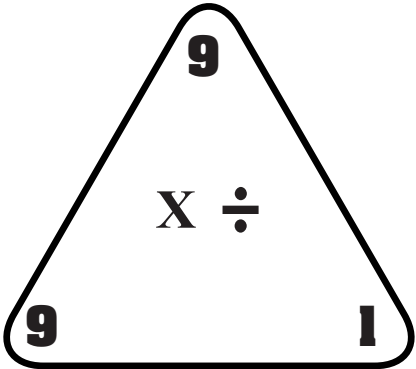


$7 \times 1 = 7$
 $1 \times 7 = 7$
 $7 \div 1 = 7$
 $7 \div 7 = 1$



$8 \times 1 = 8$
 $1 \times 8 = 8$
 $8 \div 1 = 8$
 $8 \div 8 = 1$

TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY



9

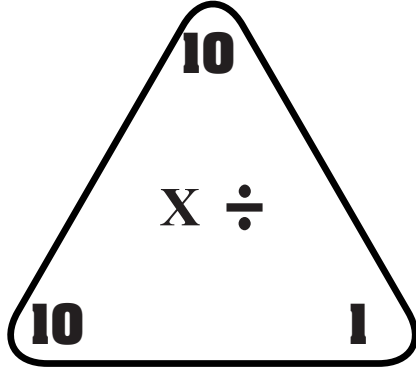
9 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 9 \\ \hline 9 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 9 \end{array}$$


10

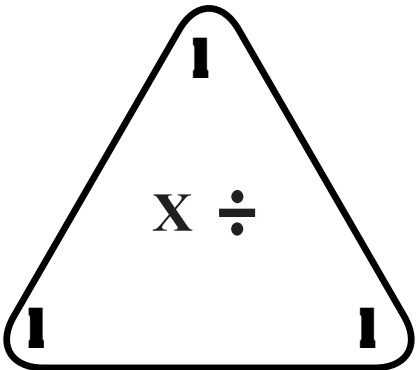
10 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 10 \\ \hline 10 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 10 \end{array}$$


1

1 1

X ÷

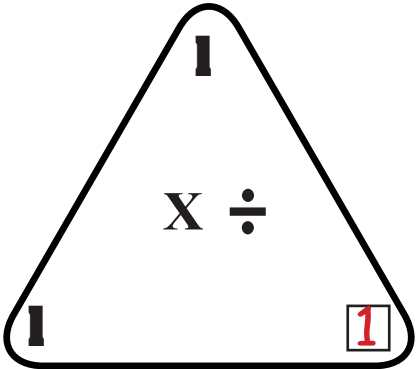
$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} \div \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array} = \begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY

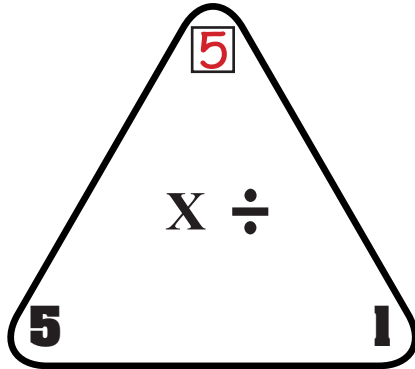


1 x 1 = 1

1 x 1 = 1

1 ÷ 1 = 1

1 ÷ 1 = 1

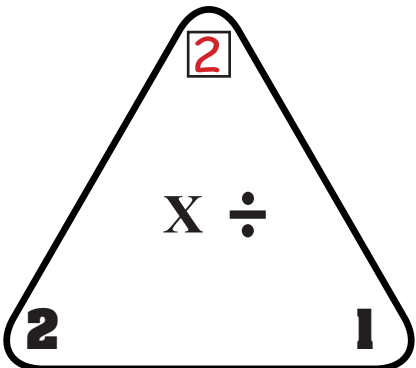


5 x 1 = 5

1 x 5 = 5

5 ÷ 1 = 5

5 ÷ 5 = 1

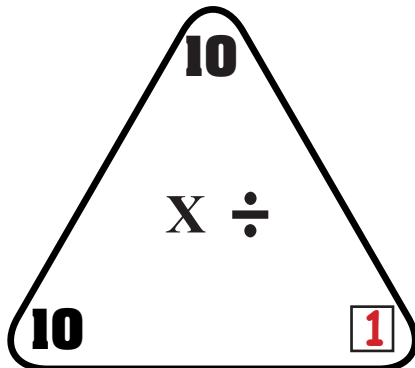


2 x 1 = 2

1 x 2 = 2

2 ÷ 1 = 2

2 ÷ 2 = 1



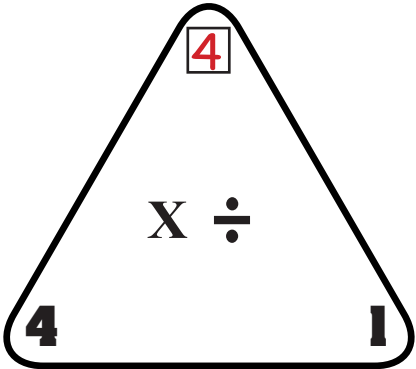
10 x 1 = 10

1 x 10 = 10

10 ÷ 1 = 10

10 ÷ 10 = 1

TRIANGLE FACT FAMILY



4

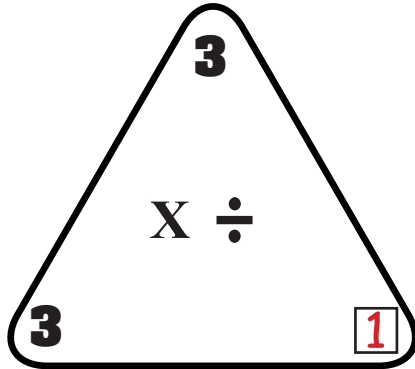
4 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \times \\ 1 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times \\ 4 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \div \\ 1 \\ \hline 4 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 4 \\ \div \\ 4 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$


3

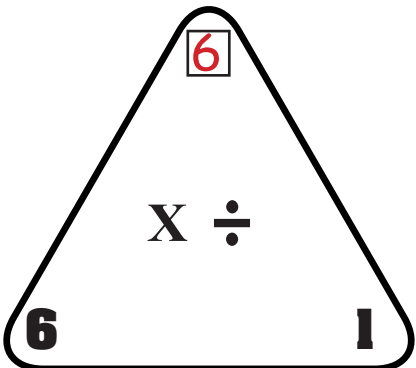
3 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \times \\ 1 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times \\ 3 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \div \\ 1 \\ \hline 3 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3 \\ \div \\ 3 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$


6

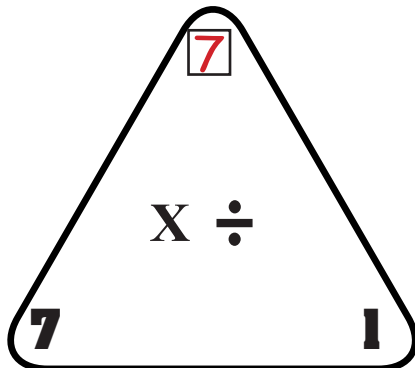
6 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \times \\ 1 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times \\ 6 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \div \\ 1 \\ \hline 6 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 6 \\ \div \\ 6 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$


7

7 1

X ÷

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \times \\ 1 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1 \\ \times \\ 7 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \div \\ 1 \\ \hline 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 7 \\ \div \\ 7 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

WORD PROBLEM

MODEL YOUR THINKING AND SOLVE THE PROBLEM.

THE BAKERY HAD 9
DONUTS IN 9 ROWS.
THEY HAD THE SAME
AMOUNT IN EACH ROW.
HOW MANY WERE IN EACH
ROW?

$$\underline{9} \div \underline{9} = \underline{1}$$

THE BAKERY HAD 5
DONUTS. THEY PUT 5 IN
A ROW. HOW MANY ROWS
DID THEY MAKE?

$$\underline{5} \div \underline{5} = \underline{1}$$

THE BAKERY MADE 12
MUFFINS. THEY PACKED 12
IN A BOX. HOW MANY
BOXES DID THEY USE?

$$\underline{12} \div \underline{12} = \underline{1}$$

THE BAKERY MADE 7 HAND
PIES. THEY USED 7
BOXES. THEY PUT THE
SAME AMOUNT OF PIES
IN EACH BOX. HOW MANY
HAND PIES DID THEY PUT
IN EACH BOX?

$$\underline{7} \div \underline{7} = \underline{1}$$

QUIZ

Follow the directions in each box. Choose an equation to represent each problem.

**I CAN USE EQUAL GROUPS
TO DIVIDE BY ITSELF!**

**I CAN USE ARRAYS TO
MODEL DIVIDING BY
ITSELF!**

**I CAN MODEL DIVIDING BY
ITSELF ON THE NUMBER
LINE!**

**MY STRATEGY FOR THINKING
ABOUT DIVIDING BY ITSELF
IS....**

CERTIFICATE

★ **GREAT MATH WORK!** ★

HAS SUCCESSFULLY PRACTICED DIVIDING
BY ITSELF!

GREAT JOB!

TEACHER: _____ DATE: _____

Division by itself

$$1 \div 1 = 1$$

$$2 \div 2 = 1$$

$$3 \div 3 = 1$$

$$4 \div 4 = 1$$

$$5 \div 5 = 1$$

$$6 \div 6 = 1$$

$$7 \div 7 = 1$$

$$8 \div 8 = 1$$

$$9 \div 9 = 1$$

$$10 \div 10 = 1$$

Bookmarks

DIVIDING BY ITSELF

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \div 1 = 1 \\ 2 \div 2 = 1 \\ 3 \div 3 = 1 \\ 4 \div 4 = 1 \\ 5 \div 5 = 1 \\ 6 \div 6 = 1 \\ 7 \div 7 = 1 \\ 8 \div 8 = 1 \\ 9 \div 9 = 1 \\ 10 \div 10 = 1 \end{array}$$

DIVIDING BY ITSELF

Hint: It's always 1 when you
divide a number by itself.

DIVIDING BY ITSELF

$$\begin{array}{l} 1 \div 1 = 1 \\ 2 \div 2 = 1 \\ 3 \div 3 = 1 \\ 4 \div 4 = 1 \\ 5 \div 5 = 1 \\ 6 \div 6 = 1 \\ 7 \div 7 = 1 \\ 8 \div 8 = 1 \\ 9 \div 9 = 1 \\ 10 \div 10 = 1 \end{array}$$

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